The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1867. NO. 37.

THE SENTINEL.

WM. R. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

From the Louisville Journal.

EXPENSE OF REGISTRATION AND MILITARY OCCUPANCY IN THE SOUTH.

The expenses of registration in Arkansas are estimated at about a million of dollars. It is said, that, if the expenses of registration in all the other Southern States are in the same proportion, the total cost of registration alone—a matter got up in the negro interest—will be full fifteen millions, if not more—all to come from the Federal Government. And then the elections, which have never heretofore cost the Government a dollar, will, when conducted throughout the Southern States upon the Congressional plan, be not less than five millions more; so that for registration and elections, wholly new sources of Federal expense, the amount will be twenty millions, or upwards. Then the cost of the troops that are thought necessary to secure the requisite submission of the Southern people to all the forms and manifestations of tyranny practised and to be practised, will, for the present year, amount to forty-five millions, making in all, for the three named items, sixty-five millions. And there's the huge and horrid Freedmen's Bureau—what is the expense of that? Sixty millions a year, at least; so that, for the four negro items indicated, we have the startling sum of a hundred and thirty millions. And divers other items might be named, raising the enormous and vast pile considerably further up toward the sky.

And these are not expenses incurred merely in a single year, and to cease with the year. No, it is the intention and the expectation of Congress that they shall continue indefinitely, or at least until every thing that interests and most ultra Radicalism can desire shall be established throughout the South. A hundred and thirty millions and upwards per year to be paid for the carrying out of the negro plans and negro dreams of the Radicals! Add this to the terrible yearly interest of the mighty public debt now existing, and consider well whether our country is to live or die under the awful financial pressure.—How long will the accruing taxes be paid, how long, even with the best disposition for payment, can they be paid, if such a condition of things is to continue, and more especially if it shall be aggravated, as a thousand signs indicate that it will be?—And when the interest upon the debt shall no longer be paid, what will come? Repudiation. And with repudiation, what? *The deluge.*

MAINE ELECTION.

The Portland Correspondent of the Boston *Advertiser*, writing on Wednesday, says Chamberlain will have about 10,000 majority. The Portland *Argus* says his majority will not exceed 9,000. Republicans concede the election of from forty to fifty Democratic Representatives. Last year there were but thirteen. The Portland *Argus*, commenting upon the result of the election, says:

"The election in this State on Monday was one of the most remarkable in the history of the State. It demonstrated, even more emphatically than that of California the week previous, the irresistible popular reaction which is going on against revolutionary Radicalism throughout the country. The leaders of the Radical party made strenuous efforts to bring out its full strength. Their organization was perfect, and the contributions of the army of officeholders supplied ample means. They put their most influential speakers upon the stump, and their numerous party organs flooded the State with appeals to the prejudices, passions, and party pride of their disciples. No effort was spared on their part; no stone was left unturned. But it was in vain. The Democracy, with scarcely the semblance of an organization, without funds, without speeches or concert of action, came out in their strength, and made a relative gain upon them of 15,000 votes, elected the officers in several counties, and largely increased representation in the Legislature.—It was the spontaneous uprising of the people, disgusted with Radical misrule and the eternal commotion and ruin which it entails."

THE WAR IN SOUTH AMERICA.

We published yesterday a batch of interesting news from Brazil and Buenos Ayres, relative to the war going on between Brazil, with her allies, and Paraguay. The dates are up to August 8. The old story is told of Brazilian reverses, and there is no doubt that Paraguay continues successful in her heroic resistance to the empire and its republican allies. After untold expense and the loss of sixty thousand men buried, Brazil is apparently as far from conquering Lopez as ever. It is not only the brave old Dictator of Paraguay and his brave troops—very much fewer in number than their enemy—that defeat the Brazilians, but the country, the soil, the climate, the rivers and swamps fight against them. These latest accounts from the seat of war represent the Brazilians as having suffered terribly in conflict both with the troops of Lopez and the difficulties of the country. Brazil had better give up this unwise war, for every step she takes she gets into greater difficulty. On her part it is simply a war of ambition, and she deserves the reverses she meets with. It is a useless and cruel effusion of blood for an unworthy object, and with no prospect of success.—*New York Herald.*

THE CONVENTION.

We are pleased to see that our article of yesterday morning, suggesting a Convention of the Conservative party of this State, was anticipated by the *Sentinel* of Saturday, in which the propriety of holding such a Convention is ably enforced. We sincerely hope the suggestion will meet with the cordial endorsement of the press generally throughout the State, and that in every county our ablest and best men will be selected as delegates. Our people have never failed to hearken to the voice of wisdom, nor to the suggestion of patriotism, and we declare our firm conviction that upon a Conservative platform, explained and enforced by men known to our people and confided in by them, the Radical faction can be broken down in this State. There are many good men who, from a mistaken sense of duty, or from a momentary weakness, have allied themselves to this faction, but who will quit it in disgust, now that its proscriptive and incendiary policy has been disclosed. By all means let us have the Convention.—*Charlotte News.*

FAMILY GROCERS.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,

FAMILY GROCER,

NO. 120 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE supply of

CHOICE GROCERIES,

Consisting in part of Sugars—Crushed, "A" Coffee, Powdered, "C" Coffee, "E" Coffee, and brown of different grades;

Molasses and Syrup;

Coffees, Java, Laguira, Rio, and St. Domingo;

Bacon, Sides, Shoulders, Sugar cured Hams, and Strips;

Beef, for chipping, broiling, and spiced for boiling, a splendid article. Spiced Pig's feet, Pickled Pork, Beef and Buffalo Tongues.

Codfish, Tongues and Sounds, Mackerel, Smoked or Scotch Herrings. A splendid lot of Codfish.

Pickled and smoked Salmon.

Liverpool and Table Salt.

Potatoes, White Mercer, Peach Blow and Jackson Whites.

Gunny Bagging, Rope Sole Leather, French Calf Skins, Lining Skins, &c. Shoe Pegs, Tacks, Awls, &c.

Wrapping Paper, Powder and Shot, Cotton Cards. Pearl and Corn Starch, Farina and Tapioca; English Dairy Cheese, Factory Cheese; a large assortment of Canned Fruits, Pickles, Preserves, Mustards, canned Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c.

Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Currants and Prunes, and everything usually kept in a first-class Grocery.

Also Liquors of all grades. Attention is especially called to our pure old Robinson County and old Keller Whiskey.

All manner of Sauces, Catsups, and Fancy Groceries generally, very cheap for cash.

We sell strictly for cash.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,
April 3—tf Family Grocer.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DRY GOODS.

FALL, 1867.

HULL, ATKINSON & CO.

258 *Baltimore Street,*

BALTIMORE,

ASK MERCHANTS visiting Baltimore, to examine their large and elegant stock of Barrss, French and American DRY GOODS.

Robert Hull,
Thos. W. Atkinson,
Sam'l Hunter,
Wm. J. Hull,
S. Harris Hopkins.

Orders promptly executed.

HULL, ATKINSON & CO.
September 4—28-2m*

FALL AND WINTER IMPORTATION

1867.

RIBBONS,

Millinery and Straw Goods.

ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Bonnet, Trimming and Velvet Ribbons,

BONNET SILKS, SATINS AND VELVETS,

BLONDS, NETTS, CRAPES, RUCHES,

Flowers, Feathers, Ornaments,

STRAW BONNETS & LADIES' HATS,

TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED,

SHAKER HOODS, &c.,

237 and 239 Baltimore Street,

BALTIMORE, Md.

Offer the largest Stock to be found in this Country, and unequalled in choice variety and cheapness, comprising the latest Parisian novelties.

Orders solicited and prompt attention given.
Sept 2—22-10w

THOMASVILLE (N. C.) SHOES.

We have a small assortment of those popular and excellent SHOES, consisting of

MEN'S KIP BROGANS,

BOY'S BUFF BALMORALS,

WOMEN'S GOAT BALMORALS,

LEATHER BOOTS, &c.

It is our purpose to try to introduce these shoes into this market, and our present small stock will be increased from time to time with additional lots fresh from the Manufactory.

Let us encourage and sustain our own Manufactories, and we thus encourage and sustain ourselves. We warrant these shoes to be good leather, and free from paper, scraps and shavings.

Sept. 2—22-tf JENKINS & PERRY.

SITUATION WANTED.

A lady of some experience in teaching desires a situation. She prefers to teach English and Mathematics. Address Rev. W. E. PELL,
Aug 27—4tw Raleigh, N. C.

CORN!

FIFTEEN HUNDRED BUSHELS!!

IN NEW SACKS.

Prime White Corn, Wholesale and Retail, at lowest market price, by

DOUGLAS BELL,
Sept. 11—31-tf Market Square.

WANTED.

Agents in every County in the State. From $5 to $10 per day guaranteed, or 100 per cent. profit. For full particulars call on or address

W. T. WALKER & CO.,
Anderson's Store, Caswell Co., N. C.
Sept. 14—33-1wd&w*

FOR RENT.

The Cottage next to my residence on Hillsboro' Street. Possession given Oct. 1st.
Sept. 14—33-eod2w ANNA H. SAUNDERS.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE.

The Stock and Fixtures of a Neat and Beautiful Drug Store For Sale!

THE PROPRIETORS, desirous of changing their business, offer for sale their stock of Drugs, Fixtures, &c. The store is beautifully fitted up in the latest style. The establishment has a good run of custom, and any one with a small capital can do well. Rent cheap. The whole can be bought low. Apply to

J. D. WILLIAMS & CO.,
Sept. 14—33-1w Washington, N. C.

CORN! CORN! CORN!

Constantly arriving and for sale by
Sept. 16—34-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

HARDWARE AND GLASSWARE.

A SMALL ASSORTMENT, CONSISTING OF Trace Chains, Nails and Irons, Tea Kettles, Coffee Mills, Sifters, Spades, Pitchforks, Axes, Cotton Cards, Hammers, Tacks, Goblets and Tumblers, all of which will be sold low for cash.

DOUGLAS BELL,
Sept. 16—34-tf Market Square.

FOR SALE.

Extra White CORN for Bread, run through a Wheat Fan, just received from the Western part of the State.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Sept. 13, 1867. Wholesale Grocers.

LIFE INSURANCE.

ASSETS OVER

$16,000,000.

Income Over $6,500,000.

TOTAL LOSSES PAID OVER $6,000,000.

DIVIDENDS PAID TO ASSURED

OVER $4,000,000.

NUMBER OF POLICIES IN FORCE OVER 48,000

The Connecticut Mutual Life INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD, CONN.,

Was organized in 1846. Its success has not been equalled by any other Company. It is organized upon the purely mutual system; it has no proprietary or Stock Capital; and the preeminent satisfaction, therefore, in the contemplation of its vast figures, is, that they denote not the enrichment of a *Corporation*, but present and coming blessing to *Thousands of Homes!*

All policies non-forfeitable by their terms.

No extra charge made on policy holders, except only where the risk is extra hazardous.

The undersigned will take pleasure in explaining and proving any of his statements.

☞ All persons contemplating Life Insurance are requested, and will find it to their interest, to contrast other Companies, represented in this State, with the Conn. Mutual, as published in the Reports of the Insurance Commissioners of New York and Massachusetts.

SAMUEL D. WAIT,
General Agent for N. C.

Offices with P. F. Pescud, Agent for Raleigh and vicinity.
Aug 14-6-tf

THE EQUITABLE

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY,

OF NEW YORK

ASSETS OVER

$4,000,000.

ANNUAL INCOME

$2,500,000.

DIVIDENDS PAID TO POLICY HOLDERS, [NOT STOCK HOLDERS,] THIS YEAR OVER $600,000.

PURELY MUTUAL.

PROFITS DIVIDED ANNUALY AMONG

POLICY HOLDERS,

The Equitable has grown more rapidly, since its organization, than any Life Insurance Company ever organized in America.

Its policies average larger in amount, than those of any other Company in the United States.

Applications for Agencies in North Carolina must be addressed to the Gen'l Agent.

MAJ. M. P. TAYLOR, Ag't, Wilmington.
DIDOSWAY & GUION, " Newbern.
OBREN WILLIAMS, " Tarboro'.
BURBANK & GALLAGHER, Agent, Washington.
BRENIZER, KELLOGG & CO. " Greensboro'.
E. NYE HUTCHISON & CO. " Salisbury.
HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO., Charlotte, N. C.

Aug 6-305-6m Gen'l Agents for N. C.

THE NORTH AMERICA

LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY.

New Features and Advantages Which are Known as Belonging to no Other Company in the United States.

THE MANAGEMENT OF THIS COMPANY IS upon the Mutual Benefit System—the accumulated profits going to the assured.

This company makes a special deposit with the Insurance Department of the State, for which Registered policies are issued if desired, countersigned by the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York, certifying that such policies are secured by pledge of public stocks.

No other Company gives the assured a guarantee of this character or anything equivalent.

Thirty days' of grace are allowed on all renewed premiums, and the policy remains valid and in full force during that time.

No restrictions as to travel or residence abroad at any season of the year, outside the tropics, which gives a nearly world-wide and unconditional policy.

No higher rate of premium charged for stationary Engineers, Conductors, Baggage Masters, Mail Agents, nor in consequence of change of employment after the policy is issued.

Notes are not required by this Company, but a loan may be obtained on the policy for one third of the annual premium, which is cancelled by the profits applied as dividends.

Joint policies, including man and wife, are issued by this Company, and the amount insured is payable to the survivor on the death of either.

Our dividend, January 1st. 1866, was 45 per cent.

Dividends are declared annually, and paid on settlement of 4th. Annual Premium, on all our plans upon the full amount of premiums received.

Premiums may be paid annually, semi-annually or quarterly.

All policies issued by this Company are non-forfeiting, after two, in some instances, and three annual payments in others.

The per centage of premium receipts in 1865, over 1864, was 251 per cent; which is nearly double that of any other New York company.

Policies incontestable from any cause except on account of fraud.

For insurance in this Company apply to

P. H. CAMERON,
Agent for State of North Carolina, Wilmington.
or
SEATON GALES,
July 4-280-eod3m Agent for Raleigh.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE OHIO CORN HUSKER.

A Simple, Useful and Desirable Implement for Husking Corn.

Thousands have been sold and used in the North-West.

TIME IS MONEY.

Farmers, Try It.

SINGLE HUSKERS will be sent free, by mail, on receipt of 75 cents, or six for $3.

Boxes containing four dozen each, will be sent by Express, on receipt of order with the money, at $3.50 per dozen, or $4.00 for one dozen. Merchants, send your orders soon.

Address H. D. LOFT,
September 7—2w* Salem, N. C.

RAILROADS.

GREAT NATIONAL

DOUBLE TRACK ROUTE

TO THE WEST.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO AND RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL ROADS.

PERSONS wishing to travel or *Emigrate* to the Western and South Western States from this part of *North Carolina*, are informed, that permanent arrangements have been made between the above Rail Roads, by which Passengers can obtain through tickets, at the Office of the *Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road at RALEIGH*, to

St. Louis, Mo.
Cincinati, Ohio.
Chicago, Ill.
Indianapolis, Ind.
Cleveland Ohio.
St. Josephs, Mo.
Cairo, Ill.
Memphis, Tenn.
Louisville, Ky.
Milwaukie, Wis.
Detroit, Mich.
Pittsburg, Pa.
Kansas City, Mo.
Columbus, Ohio.

and all Western and South Western Cities.

Passengers *goin West from Raleigh, via the Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road, can either take the Route, via Portsmouth and Bay Line of Steamers to Baltimore, or the route, via Richmond & Fredericksburg and Potomac Rail Road*, to Washington City, where close connections are made with three Daily Express Trains on the Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road for all Western Cities, leaving as follows:

Leave Baltimore.	
Mail Train,	8.45 A. M.
Fast Line,	5.30, P. M.
Express train,	9.45, P. M.
Leave Washington City.	
Mail Train,	7.45 A. M.
Fast Line	4.30, P. M.
Express Train,	8.45, P. M.

The advantages of this line over all others in Palace State Room Day and Night Cars, Saving in Time and distance, and so few changes of Cars combine to render this the most pleasant and desirable Route, especially to Families, or Ladies Travelling Alone. There being but ONE Change of Cars between Baltimore, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, and but TWO to St. Louis, Cairo, Chicago and the principal Cities West and South.

From *five to ten Dollars* will be saved by purchasing *through tickets*, besides a great deal of *annoyance at Points* where *Cars and Baggage* are changed, whereas Passengers, holding *through tickets*, will get their *Baggage checked* through, and all transfers of *Passengers* and *Baggage* are made without any additional expense to the Passenger except the cost of through tickets. *Passengers on through tickets* can stop at *any point* on the route, as *through tickets are good until used.*

Passengers leaving Raleigh, Saturday morning, will not be detained at Baltimore or Washington on Sunday; they will take the Fast Line for the West in the afternoon.

LARGE PARTIES and FAMILIES, wishing to emigrate to the *Western* and *South Western States*, should address me, several weeks before starting, as a reduction will be made to Parties of ten full Passengers and upwards, if timely notice is given, besides receiving all further information.

For through Tickets, apply to J. M. Pool, Gen. Ticket Agt. or to Ticket Agent Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road, Raleigh N. C.

LOUIS ZIMMER,
Gen'l. Southern Ag't.,
Balt. & Ohio R. R.
JOHN L. WILSON,
Master of Transportation,
R. & G. R. R.

L. M. COLE,
Gen'l. Ticket Ag't.
R. & G. R. R.
July 9-285-1y

BOOK STORE.

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOKSTORE!"

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE SUBSCRIBER DESIRES TO ANNOUNCE to the Public that he has purchased the stock of

BOOKS, STATIONERY, MUSIC, FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

Formerly belonging to the North Carolina Publishing Company, that he has succeeded to the old stand No 1 Fayetteville St., so long and so favorably known throughout the State as the

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOK STORE,"

conducted by Henry D. Turner, dec'd., and that henceforth he will conduct the Book Business in all its branches at *"The North Carolina Book Store," No 1, Fayetteville St.*

He would also state that he brings to the management of the business, the experience of many years as a book buyer and seller, and a devotion to this particular branch of trade. He will endeavor to merit the reputation and business of the old stand.

The stock, of Books, Stationery, Music, etc., which he now offers to the public, has been well selected, and embraces a large supply of Sunday and Common School Books, Miscellanous Books of almost every kind and variety, the North Carolina Supreme Court Reports, English Common Law Reports, and other Law Books, a very large supply of *Blank Books, Stationery*, and new Music, comprising

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT

to be found in the State; and will be sold upon the most reasonable terms.

Orders from all parts of this State *for any book or article named*, accompanied with the cash, or City reference, will be promptly attended to, by addressing,

JAS. H. ENNISS,
Bookseller,
No 1, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh.
July 22-294-3m

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

Book Sellers and Stationers,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS.

MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;

BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS SUPPLIES;

SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;

ALBUMS;

PERFUMERY,

FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

OATS.

25 Sacks of nicely cleaned OATS, on sale at FARMER'S HALL.

Also, prime FAMILY FLOUR by the sack or barrel.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
September 5—29-1w. Agent.

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE!

I HAVE THIS DAY OPENED A VERY NEAT assortment of

FALL GOODS,

Especially suited to immediate wants, to an inspection of which you are respectfully invited. They embrace

A FULL ASSORTMENT

OF

FLANNELS,

KENTUCKY JEANS,

SATINETS,

Neat Low-Priced

Plain and Fancy Cassimeres,

For Gents' and Youths' wear. Also

BLEACHED AND BROWN

SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS,

HICKORY SHIRTINGS,

DENIMS, TICKINGS,

COTTON PLAIDS AND STRIPES;

WITH A

FULL ASSORTMENT OF PRINTS,

In all the best makes, for ONE SHILLING PER YARD, and

LOWER GRADES AT 12½ TO 15 CTS.

IN COMMENCING THE FALL TRADE, I would take occasion to thank the Public generally for the liberal patronage extended this house for the past two years, and in return will assure them the same liberal system of business will be strictly adhered to in the future that has guided our efforts in the past. QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS will still be our guiding star, by the light of which, it is to be hoped, all will find out that

THOMAS SMITH'S,

25 SYCAMORE St., PETERSBURG, VA.,

Is the place to buy DRY GOODS.
Aug. 23—14-tf

ENGINE, MILL, &c., FOR SALE.

We have for sale, at our Blast Furnace near Wilson, in Wilson Co., N. C., a splendid

40 HORSE POWER STEAM ENGINE,

with two Cylinder boilers. It is one of the best working Engines we have ever seen, and has sufficient capacity to drive a saw and grist mill. The grist mill is now with the Engine and the saw mill will be furnished, if required.

We have also two iron

BLOWING CYLINDERS,

four feet diameter and five feet stroke, in good working order and powerful enough to drive any blast furnance.

We have besides a CUPOLA, LADLES, CRANE, and every thing suitable for a foundry. We will either sell all together or separately.

TAPPEY, LUMSDENA CO.
Petersburg, Va.

Aug 30-11-d2waw4w
Charlotte Times copy as above

TO TOBACCONISTS.

It is a well established fact, that TOBACCO well flavored commands a better price and more ready sale than it does when not flavored or but badly so. Such being the case, would it not be to the interest of Manufacturers to use liberally *pure* flavouring materials, such as

Oil Aniseed,	Tonka Beans,
" Bergamot,	Gum Styrax,
" Cinnamon,	Mace,
" Citronella,	Nutmegs,
" Cloves,	Angelica Root,
" Geranium,	Orriss "
" Lemon,	Snake "
" Mirbane,	Valerian "
" Nutmegs,	Aniseed "
" Sassafras	Cardamon seed,
" Wintergreen,	Coriander "
Allspice,	Fennel,
Cinnamon Bark,	Gum Arabic,
Cloves,	Olive Oil, &c.

We have constantly on hand a large stock of the above articles; also, Branding Brushes and Inks of all kinds, which we sell *very low.*

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
May 27-247-tf Petersburg, Va.

REMOVAL.

JORDAN & CARR,

SUCCESSORS TO GEO. B. JONES & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

DRUGGISTS,

PETERSBURG, VA.

HAVE removed their stock of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes Brushes, Window Glass, Dye-Stuffs, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, &c., to the new and commodious building, corner of Sycamore and Washington streets, recently fitted up in the best style, and suitably arranged for conducting the

Drug and Apothecary Business

on a large scale, both Wholesale and Retail.

Grateful for past patronage they invite their former patrons and others in the city and country to favor them with their custom, assuring them that they will be well prepared to serve them.

Their Wholesale Department will be well attended to.

Physicians in the country may rely on them for pure articles.

Particular attention will be given to Physicians' Prescriptions, day and night.

WALTER B. JORDAN, } [JOSEPH CARR.
September 5—29-3m

FOR SALE.

At reduced price, one of H. L. Emery's Universal Cotton Gins and Condensers, (used a part of past season.)

WM. H. COX.
Raleigh, September 5—31d&w.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALLAN & JOHNSON.

WHOLESALE

Seedsmen, Nurserymen & Florists.

1506 MAIN ST.,

(UNDER ST. CHARLES HOTEL)

Richmond, Va.

Oct 18-1y

VIRGINIA SPRINGS.

The following celebrated VIRGINIA SPRINGS, of easy access by railroads and short stage lines, over good roads, in comfortable coaches by contract limited to ten passengers, will be open for visitors ON AND AFTER THE 1st OF JUNE 1867:

WHITE SULPHUR,
GREENBRIER COUNTY, W. Va.

SWEET SPRINGS AND SALT SULPHUR SPRINGS,
MONROE COUNTY, W. Va.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Jackson River depot until about 10th July, when the railroad will be run to Covington; and from Bonsack's, on the Virginia and Tennessee railroad, six stages.

HOT SPRINGS,

HEALING SPRINGS, and

BATH ALUM SPRINGS,

BATH COUNTY, Va.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Millboro' depot.

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS,

ROCKBRIDGE COUNTY, Va.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Goshen depot.

AUGUSTA WHITE SULPHUR ALUM SPRINGS,
(PENNELL'S STABLING'S.)

Route via Central railroad to Staunton, thence by stages to the Springs.

ALLEGHANY SPRINGS,
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, Va.

Route via Virginia Central, Orange and Alexandria, to Shawsville depot, on Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

COYNER'S SULPHUR SPRINGS,
BOTETOURT COUNTY, Va.

Route as above to Coyner's Springs station, Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

THROUGH TICKETS

can be procured at the principal cities West, North, and South, to all the above named Springs.

THE PROPRIETORS

of the above Springs have provided an entire outfit of

NEW FURNITURE, &c.

in all departments, and will use every effort to make visitors satisfied.

May 30-250-4m*

ST. JAMES HOTEL,

NEW ORLEANS.

PROPRIETORS:

WM. A. HURD.....Of New Orleans.
W. F. CORKERY, Spottswood Hotel, Richmond.

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD OFFICES,
IN ROTUNDA OF HOTEL.

July 4-280-3m

GOLDSBORO FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE NEXT SCHOLASTIC YEAR WILL BEgin on Monday, the 30th of September, 1867, and continue forty weeks. The year will be divided into two sessions of twenty weeks each, so there will be no vacation till July, 1868.

The Faculty the same as heretofore. Pupils received at any time and charged from date of arrival. Thorough instruction; parental discipline; advantages unsurpassed anywhere; very moderate charges; healthy location; religious privileges of all denominations ample; and every facility for intellectual and moral improvement. *Board and Tuition*, per session of twenty weeks, $95, in currency.

For particulars, address the undersigned, or Prof. R. W. ADAMS, Goldsboro, N. C.

Rev. S. MILTON FROST,
July 22-296-2awtO1 President.

JOHN W. HINSDALE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 2, Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

PRACTICES in the State and Federal Courts, and in the Court of Bankruptcy for the 3d Congressional District.

Prompt attention given to all business intrusted to his care. Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.
July 23-294-tf

THE SOUTHERN FERTILIZING COMPANY, RICHMOND, VA., are now receiving and preparing their fall stock of FERTILIZERS, and offer for sale in unlimited quantities CRUSHED PERUVIAN GUANO,

selected from the purest cargoes imported, warranted pure and of the highest standard;

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FRESH GROUND PLASTER.

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The Third Session of this School will begin on the First Wednesday of September next, and end on the last Wednesday of June 1868, consisting of two terms of five months each.

The Course of study is designed to prepare boys for the University of Virginia, or any other College, or for the practical business of life.

TERMS: For Board and Tuition, $150 per term. *Payable in Advance.* Music and Drawing at Professor's charges. Washing, Fuel and Lights at actual cost. Each Pupil furnishes his own towels.

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July 17-292-tf

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WE SHALL HAVE

NORTH CAROLINA ALMANACS

ready for our customers in due time for the Fall and Winter trade.

The matter and style will be better than usual, and the price cheap to suit the times.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
July 25-297-tf

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[LATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.]

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Aug. 24, 1867—13-1y

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June 26-271-6m

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(CROP OF 1867.)

Early flat	Dutch	Turnip.	
" Red	Top	Do.	
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Large Pomeranian	Globe	Do.	
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WE OFFER TO THE PUBLIC THIS CELEbrated Fluid, and in doing so we feel assured that its superiority over any other FLUID OR OIL will give it a favorable acceptance with the public at large. It is NON-EXPLOSIVE. Free from any disagreeable smell.

It will not grease the hands.
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It is the Cheapest BURNING FLUID ever offered.
It can be used in any Kerosene Lamp by changing the burner.

It has been most favorably received, and pronounced by judges to be the BEST AND MOST RELIABLE BURNING FLUID now in use.

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Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers,
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CATHARTIC AND ALTERATIVE PILLS.

RECOMMENDED BY THE BEST PHYSIcians. Purely Vegetable. No Calomel in them. Never Gripe; being Coated with Gum Tolu are perfectly tasteless.

For regulating the Bowels, and for the cure of Bilious Fever, Bilious Headache, Constipation or Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Piles, Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Dizziness, loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, and all diseases where a reliable Cathartic medicine is required.

Dr. W. P. Mallett, who has no superior as a Physician in North Carolina, has examined the formula by which these pills are made and highly recommends them.

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Call and get a Circular.

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AMERICAN BITTERS.

The Great Southern Tonic,

AND THE MOST PALATABLE STOMACHIC EVER USED,

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA, DISORDERed Digestion, Flatulency, Sluggish Circulation of the Blood, Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid condition of the Stomach and Bowels. An Elegant Tonic in debilitated states of the Digestive Organs, or of the system generally. For the loss of appetite it is the most wholesome and effectual Tonic in the world. It strengthens nature and enables the system to triumph over disease. In wakefulness attended with tremors and general nervous derangement, it is peculiarly adapted, giving strength and tone to the nerves. To delicate Ladies and Children it is invaluable—and in fact whenever a pleasant and agreeable Tonic is wanted, this should be used.

Dr. Johnston B. Jones, one of the most scientific and well known Physicians in the Southern States, testifies to its great value, besides many others, who have been greatly benefited by the use of these Bitters.

Prepared and sold by

R. B. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.
For sale in Raleigh by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

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The Sentinel is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

For one month	1.00
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Six months	3.0.
One year	10 0
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" " six months	1.50

THE SENTINEL.

WM. R. PELL, } SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1867.

THE CONFISCATION SCHEME.

Our readers have been struck with the difference between the conversations of the Radicals of this State, upon the subject of confiscation, and the action of their late Convention in this City. No white Radical, who claims to be a leader among them, in private conversations or at ordinary public meetings, openly avows the advocacy of confiscation or the extension of disabilities. They repel the charge that they are favorable to either, yet, in drawing up a platform for the party, they eschew all allusion to these subjects. This is done in the face of the avowals of their opponents, that the advocacy of those measures would form the chief ground of warm opposition to their success.

It is evident they do not desire to quell the fears of the timid upon this subject. They desire to hold it over the heads of the Southern people, as a rod of terror, in order to drive them into the Radical party. Even poor men, whose landed estates have never been assessed higher than $500, $1,000, or $3,000, are told that they had better seek protection, certain protection, in the Radical party. Whereas, it is well known that Mr. Stevens, the father of confiscation, never proposed to break up every "rebel" entirely, but to leave *all* at least $5,000.

It has been very forcibly insinuated, that Mr. Stevens and his *confreres* had two objects in view in bringing out his scheme. The first was, to alarm Southern landholders to sell their lands at what they could get, rather than run the risk of confiscation, in order that Northern speculators, who have grown fat upon the war, might become the wholesale purchasers. The second was, that the fearful and timid might be driven pell-mell into the Radical party. Both of these suggestions have received very strong support by recent developments.

There is, however, one fact, which our fearful people have not as carefully considered as they should have done. *No* system of confiscation can be devised, which will not as certainly fall upon some of the hypocritical Radicals as upon the Conservative men of the South. It was so in the matter of disfranchisement. Almost every leading Southern native Radical is a disfranchised man, and as justly so as any "rebel" in the South. In many instances they were the before-day "rebels,"—many of them too cowardly to go into the fight themselves, but who nevertheless talked as loudly and as strongly for war, as any true Confederate.

But a still more important fact should be noted. Any system of confiscation, which may be devised, must necessarily be put under the cognizance of the Courts. When the Radicals come to play the game of confiscation in fact, they must take the "rebels" into the Courts, to *prove* the guilt of the parties. Any other course would involve a civil war, more destructive than the one through which we have passed. When they bring the case into the Courts, the only plea which the great masses would make, is, "I am a pardoned man." They would be brought to the test the real value of President Johnson's amnesty proclamations and his personal pardons. The Courts would be bound to respect them, and the confiscationists would, for very shame, crawl off into their hiding places. Let the people do their duty to themselves and the country, without regard to consequences. "Our God and our country—truth and right—the Constitution, Liberty and the Union,"—should be our motto.

THE CONSERVATIVE MEN MUST CONSOLIDATE.

We are pleased to find that there is a favorable response to the proposition of the *Sentinel*, and other papers in the State, for the call of meetings of the true men, the Conservative men, of the State,—the men who stand by the Constitution and government of the Republic,—for the purpose of uniting and concentrating upon such principles and measures as they can unite upon unanimously, to prevent the success of Brownlowism in North Carolina. We do not propose such an organization, as will at all affect the freedom of opinion and action of any man, in regard to past or present partizan views, which may have divided Conservative men. The consolidation of all Conservatives is absolutely essential to prevent the incorporation of *ultra* Radical principles into the Constitution of the State, which will most certainly place us under negro rule, to be led and encouraged by the worst white men in the State.

We have heretofore suggested the call of a State and District Convention. On further reflection, it is apparent that sufficient time will not be given before the election of a State Convention and delegates, for either District or State Conventions. Indeed, they will not be absolutely necessary, until after the Convention does its work. County meetings and precinct meetings should however be held in every County in the State, even in those Counties where there is no hope of success for Conservatives, in order to concentrate and consolidate the Conservative influence, however small.

We are glad to see that Wayne County takes the initiative, and has called a meeting, which was to have been held in Goldsboro, on yesterday. Keep the ball moving.—What County will follow next? Conservatives of Wake County should move at once.

Some of the Northern papers are coming out in strong terms against the present "national bank system."

THE RUMORED CABINET CHANGES.

The Washington correspondent of the New York *World*, noticing the announcement in the Washington *Express*, of Saturday last, (and copied into the *Sentinel* of Tuesday,) that Senator Cowan was to be made Secretary of War, and that Judge Black was going into the State Department, says:

"The paragraph created quite a sensation. I am authorized to state that the whole story is a specimen Washington canard, so far as Mr. Cowan is concerned. He informs your correspondent that he didn't even see the President yesterday, nor has he ever solicited an interview with him. He has not been tendered any cabinet appointment, and doubts if his business affairs would permit him to accept. Nor is there any truth in the story so far as it applies to Judge Black."

At the time of Gen. Grant's assignment to the duties of the War office, it was understood that he was only temporarily invested with their execution. Mr. Seward we have always regarded as Machiavellian and insincere in his relations to the President. We cordially endorse the eminent fitness and propriety of the Executive surrounding himself, ordinarily, with Cabinet advisers, who agree with him in sentiment and will faithfully co-operate with him in his administrative policy. In our judgment President Johnson committed a grave error in not having such a Cabinet about him long since, before the passage of the tenure-of-office bill, which despoils him of his prerogatives and makes all his appointments, made during a recess, but the sure marks of Congressional malice.

We confess, therefore, notwithstanding these views, that we are relieved by the apparently authentic assurance that the changes proclaimed by the *Express* are not to be made. We can see no good that would have been accomplished thereby, but much of possible harm. That they would have aroused the fury of Congress to its utmost pitch, is certain. Perhaps its rage towards Mr. Johnson, personally and officially, could receive no additional stimulus; but unfortunately, in every instance, heretofore, while Mr. Johnson was the ostensible *object*, the people of the South have been the real *victims*, of its malice,—and so it would doubtless be again. Nothing could be more unfair, unreasonable and infamous than this; but it is not the first instance in history where vicarious suffering has been endured at the hands of a blind and passionate persecution.

Besides, we would have the President do nothing to check the re-active movement of popular sentiment, which appears to have set in so auspiciously. The revulsion is not yet so decided, but that some act of imprudence might cause it to rebound.—The President is not responsible for the unconstitutional and destructive legislation of Congress. On the contrary, he has put on record, in a series of messages that will rank among the finest State papers of any age or country, an emphatic, manly and masterly protest against all its usurpations. Having done this, far better that, so far as his constitutional obligations will allow and the strict line of his duty permit, he should wash his hands of the whole business, and leave the *people*, in whom he justly expresses so much confidence, to pass upon the great issue which he has presented. There is every present assurance that the verdict will be right in the end. The encroachments upon civil liberty, the paralysis of trade, the burdens of taxation, the evils of a degraded suffrage, the spectacle of a patient, loyal and much enduring people bearing oppression with dignified fortitude,—all of these things will yet, we hope, touch the popular heart and arouse the popular fears. Let nothing be done, rashly or indiscreetly, to retard or obstruct the consummation.

MAJ. GEN. CHARLES GRIFFIN, who, after the removal of Sheridan, was temporarily invested with the command of the Fifth Military District, died in Galveston, on the 15th, of yellow fever.

At the last session of the Greenbrier, Va., Circuit Court, a striking instance of the defeat of justice by the technicalities of the law occurred. A negro man was caught just after the act of stealing, and with the stolen goods in his possession. He was arrested, committed, and indicted by the grand jury at its last term. When upon trial his counsel picked the indictment and discovered a slight flaw in it, upon which they moved to quash it, claiming that he could not be tried under it. The Judge agreed with defence, and quashed the indictment, whereupon the prisoner was declared discharged, and walked out of the court-room with the stolen goods under his arm.

INTERESTING DECISION.—Judge Parker, of the Fredericksbury County Court, has recently delivered an interesting decision in the case of Brent vs. The Creditors of the Bank of the Valley. The decision holds, in general terms, that no particular class of creditors was entitled to priority over others in the distribution of the bank's assets, noteholders and depositors being placed on an equal footing.

SMALL NOTES.—Many of the national banks, whose officers do not like the labor of signing notes of small denominations, are causing the United Stated Treasurer much annoyance by their requests for small greenbacks, which it is impossible for him to supply. They can furnish themselves with ones and twos if they will only sign their own bills.—*N. Y. Times.*

The Washington correspondent of the Boston *Advertiser* (Radical) asserts that Grant is in complete accord with Sickles, and that Canby, who succeeded Sickles, will carry out the same general line of policy.—The correspondent of the New York *Tribune* reports that Sickles has been invited by Grant to Washington. The object is said to be to consult with Sickles on the situation.

It is stated upon apparently reliable information, that Chief Justice Chase has written to the President sustaining the civil rights authorities in the judicial case in North Carolina, out of which arose the conflict of authority between Gen. Sickles and Marshal Goodloe.

UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.—We learn from a letter received by a friend that the number of students already arrived at Athens reaches one hundred and fifty and that others are expected. It is thought the number will reach between one hundred and seventy-five and two hundred.—*Atlanta New Era, Sept. 12.*

An immense cranberry crop in New Jersey is reported.

THE COTTON CROP.

We observe that the speculations upon the cotton crop for the year 1867-8, very generally, give pretty large figures. Few have fixed the crop at less than 2,250,000 bales, or at least one half the crop of 1860.

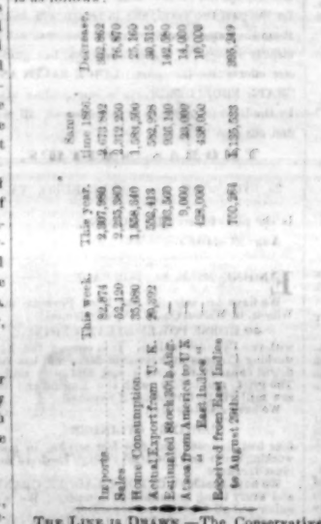
It is quite certain that in North Carolina, and in some other States, a larger cotton crop was seeded than heretofore, and far less corn. The impression is that the cotton crop in this State cannot be larger than half a crop of the amount planted.—This will, of course, make the crop shorter than last year, though a larger crop was planted.

With the exception of South Carolina, Georgia and Alabama, the crop in the other Cotton States is represented as not promising more than half a crop. If these things be so, it will hardly be possible that the crop should exceed 2,000,000 bales.

Planters, we believe, so far as we have learned, are much discouraged in looking forward to the future. It is believed that laborers in the field, another year, will be much harder to procure than during the past. Short crops, as well as a growing idleness, incline laborers to complain, to seek more easy positions or to demand higher wages. The wages paid the present year satisfy farmers that they cannot live at it, and, if the choice is made between extensive farming or higher wages, large quantities of lands will be rented to small farmers or lie idle.

Everything, in this aspect of affairs, tends strongly to convince us of the correctness of the views hitherto advanced, that cotton will never again play as important a part in the commercial world, (at least that produced in the Southern States,) as heretofore. High prices, with a prospect of continuance, will always prove a stimulus in the production of any article. Whenever, therefore, the making of cotton affords no better prospect of becoming rich, than the production of other articles which can be produced with less labor, cotton will be less cultivated.

Discouraging as the present cotton market appears to be, we argue from appearances, that the article must advance. The rise in gold recently has not affected its price favorably, because the mills and speculators are pretty well supplied, and have grown timid by the unsettledness of affairs. A telegram announced, the other day, that the amount of cotton on hand at Liverpool exceeded largely the quantity for the corresponding month the past year. A friend, who has given some attention to this subject, disputes the statement, and furnishes us with the following facts communicated by Messrs. Logan & Co., cotton Brokers in Liverpool, in their circular received at the latest dates. It is taken from their regular circular, and may be relied on. The statement is made up to 29th of August last, and the number of bales received and on hand, compared with the dates of last year, is as follows:



THE LINE IS DRAWN.—The Conservative orderly, and only truly loyal press of North Carolina, commenting upon the action of the Convention that assembled in Raleigh on the 4th instant, concludes that the line has been drawn,—that there must be two parties in North Carolina,—that men are forced to declare themselves either Radicals or Constitutional Unionists.

We concur, and must conclude that, from this time forth, those who approve of the action of that Convention are enemies to order, peace and the future welfare of the people of this State and of the entire South, who have been disfranchised by the unconstitutional, illegal and wicked malcontents, (who assume to be the Congress of the United States,) through Acts and Resolutions adopted by them at the Capitol in Washington.—*Lincolnton Courier.*

THE GRANT-SICKLES CORRESPONDENCE.—It has been learned that the letter of August 24, from General Grant to General Sickles, is in his own handwriting, and of about the same length as that in the case of the removal of General Sheridan. He speaks in strong terms of Mr. Binckley's sophistries and rhetoric, and declares himself in full accord with the end that General Sickles was seeking to accomplish. He says, in substance, that he is no lawyer, and therefore if he had not been restrained by his position as a soldier he would not have answered the legal arguments brought forward in the Cabinet; but he is satisfied that the spirit of the reconstruction act, if not its letter, justified General Sickles in the course he pursued.—*Washington Correspondence of Boston Advertiser, September 12.*

TENNESSEE RADICALISM.—The newspaper in Tennessee that nominates Brownlow for United States Senator has adopted this platform: "We are in favor of the entire enfranchisement of the colored race, and the disfranchisement of the rebels of the South until it is safe to entrust them with the ballot; the Congressional policy of reconstruction, the confiscation of rebel property sufficient to pay the expenses of the war and remunerate loyal men for their losses incurred thereby, and we will support no man for the Presidency who will not commit himself to this platform of right and justice."

A young woman blew out her gas in a room in a Chicago hotel, went to sleep, and her funeral took place the day after.

Though we have telegraphic communication with Cuba, there will always be "a great gulf" between us and her.—*Louisville Journal.*

Our Richmond Correspondence.

RICHMOND, VA., Sept. 17, 1867.

Dear Sentinel:—Once again the Conservatism of the country has been aroused, and the great gold region of the West, from which its first intonations rang in tones of thunder, has been gloriously answered from the bleak shores,—the very herring fisheries of Maine, in the East. The Press of the whole country has resounded with the glad tidings, and again in the annals of our glorious country is there a prospect of true constitutional liberty.

Here, that stern and unwavering organ of freedom and justice, the *Enquirer* and *Examiner*, has, during all our trials and tribulations, continued to advocate the supremacy of the white race and sound principles.

So much cannot be said for the remainder of our city press. With regret we have to say the *Whig*, once a journal of influence and respectability in this State, has long since abandoned its ancient principles and party, and gone over hand and glove to the Radical party, by whom it is neither supported or respected. Such is the fate of every turn coat and deserter.

Another paper, once very popular and even now enjoying a large share of public patronage, is said to be on the fence.

As we are speaking about the press, perhaps it might be well to pay a passing glance at the "Nigger" organ, the *New Nation*. This delectable sheet is (as before mentioned) on its last legs, going down hill rapidly, and the frantic appeals that daily appear for aid from the "niggers" show, too conclusively that its miserable days are fast being numbered. The recent tax of the monthly 25 cents from each "cullered gemmen" is fast "playing out," 'tis said.

There is little new under the sun in the city of "Seven Hills." Matters continue to roll on in the same dull and monotonous manner, except that, recently, a huge story of Bankruptcy was originated in the idle brain of a radical correspondent here, and telegraphed to the *Herald* and *Tribune*—an infamous attack upon the standing of the mercantile community of Richmond. The statement was calculated to injure greatly the credit of merchants of our city at the North, though such may not have been the intention. Nothing is more firmly established than the commercial probity and honor of our merchants, and, though somewhat poor they may now be in their struggle to regain former prosperity, it cannot be asserted that they are unwilling to meet their obligations. The Bankers here quickly corrected the slander. The business of the city improves, and commercial bills, it is stated, are promptly met, and trade generally, considering the times, may be said to be flourishing.

Tobacco is here the chief article of trade and the numerous factories in the city are now in full blast—some thirty employing an average number, each, of one hundred hands,—mostly negroes, who, since "nigger meetings" are on the decline, are working more faithfully and with much benefit to themselves and employers.

Richmond presents its markets to our North Carolina friends and invites them hither with their new crop. While here disposing of their produce, to those so disposed an ample field of amusement is before them, to pass away weary, dull hours; for the new Theatre, R. D. Ogden, Director, with the finest of stock companies, is here now, in full blast nightly. This Theatre was built during the late war, by Mrs. McGill, and is, in every way, a gem of beautiful workmanship. It has been opened, at this writing, about two weeks. We have had presented several fine select pieces, among them, "Arrah Na Pogue," a tale of Irish suffering and wrong under the government of England, peculiarly applicable to *our* unfortunate present condition. Also "Fanchon," "Leah, the Forsaken Jewess," "Thisbe" and "Nobody's daughter." These three last by Miss Fannie Price, a young actress of considerable talent and very worthy celebrity. She acts with all imaginable ease, and for one so young (being only 18—and pretty, oh!) bids fair to rival, if not eclipse, the most celebrated. Her "Fanchon" is pronounced by all without fault and every way equal to Maggie Mitchell, whose forte is this piece.

We were aroused from our dream-land early this morning, by the loud ringing of bells and the hoarse, sonorous cries of fire! fire! It was the burning of a saw-mill enclosed in a building near the Libby Prison, and we mention it to show the improved and highly useful new steam fire engines which this city is now so fortunately supplied with. The building was too far gone to be saved before they arrived, but, being near the principal business portion of Main Street, would have caused much damage. Its flames were speedily checked. Richmond has a regular *paid* fire brigade, with some four steam engines, located in suitable parts of the city, ready to harness up at any minute and trot to the scene of action at a moment's warning; and the best of it is, the whole of them are manufactured right here at the enterprising foundry of Messrs. Ettinger and Edmonds, at reasonable prices. They are as good as any Northern make, notwithstanding foolish Southern towns and cities will go farther North to make purchases of them. In a recent trial here with the Wilmington, Delaware, Engine, they proved themselves to be much superior. They are handsomely built, and the way they knock off shingles, cornices, etc., at a fire, is a wonder—such is the force with which they send the "aquatic."

Raleigh and other cities in the good "old North State" should at once supply themselves, and here is the place and the manufactory. The money that is paid out in repairing those old mud tubs of yours, which would scarcely, at "full tide," drown a lazy cur, (pardon me, young Captains of the Raleigh Fire-squirters!) would, if judiciously invested, purchase a "Steamer" and result in untold benefit to your city. A word to the "wise," &c., especially to those living in towns, with many wooden houses.

GRAPHO.

MARRIED:

In Philadelphia, on Tuesday, the 10th instant, on 8th Street, by Rev. John Chambers, D. D., WM. J. HOGAN, of Chapel Hill, N. C., to Miss LIZZIE H. MILLER, of Philadelphia.

FRESH MOUNTAIN BUTTER.
Just received and for sale by
Sept. 16—34-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

FOR RENT.

A DESIRABLE RESIDENCE on Fayetteville Street, between the Yarborough House and the Governor's Mansion—an excellent place for a private Boarding House. Enquire at the Book Store of
Sept. 16—34-2w WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.

J. B. HUNTER & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

—AND—

Produce Commission Merchants,

CORNER HIGH & WATER STREETS,

Portsmouth, Va.

Will sell in the markets of NORFOLK AND PORTSMOUTH, LIVERPOOL, or LONDON, Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit and all marketable Produce.

Liberal advancements made on actual shipments, and personal attention paid to purchase of merchandise.
Aug 13-3m

For the Sentinel.

THAT CONVENTION—ITS ORATORS.

After Gen. Peck's oration had died down to a ripple, and the world was well assured that the "colored men of North Carolina," and "the poor white men as well," had been disenthralled by Gen. Abbot and others,

Gen. Galloway stood up on his broad feet, as "representative of the Republican party," acknowledging no distinction between "Republican black men" and "Republican white men," not he; though, like most of the other orators, black and white, he invariably puts the black man first, and the white man next. He informs the Convention, what everybody else knew before, that there were white men in the Federal army who used to be no better than they should be, but who, in 1863, at the mighty note sounded by Abraham Lincoln, said "if I thought I would free the negro, I would break my sword and go home." General Abbot was not one of these. He "walked in lemons and we came out free,"—and, of couse, General Abbot has the right to walk in clover, now.

Col. Odom, of Northampton, brought his friend from Pitt to withdraw his name. He was evidently scared into a cocked hat, and, being the bone of contention, spontaneously rattled himself out of the ring. He wanted peace and harmony here. Indeed he did. And he had never heard his "name mentioned so unexpectedly," (never!) "but, as it had been mentioned, I will just say that I, sir, am a republican." But that won't begin to do, Col. Odom. Why did not you tell the Convention what you were doing with negroes about the time Gen. Abbot was walking in lemons a-freezing them!—You, sir, with all your present *protecting* republicanism, must take a modest seat behind, as must others of your stripe, until the Northern white men ask you to go up higher.

But the gallant Colonel dies game, and we are rather proud of him. He intends "sir, to march to the tune of the Union, the Constitution (!!) equality and liberty."—True for you then, Col. Odom; we are with you heart and hand. Only answer this one question: "Is your "liberty" *for all?* and may a white man presume to be "equal" to the man and brother? If so, give us your republican hand.

Rev. Mr. Hood, of Cumberland Co. This colored gentleman let the cat out of the bag. He stated that the colored delegation could have had their own way, if they had chosen to monopolize the honorable positions of the Convention. That up to the night before, they had magnanimously assigned to another white man this honorable post, (understood to be Gen. Dockery.) "But this morning, sir, we find there are two elements in this Convention, a Southern white and a Northern white element, and these are struggling for ascendancy. The colored delegation at once found that they should take a position, if possible, to harmonize these elements." So the colored brethren, in caucus, determined to throw overboard the Southern white man they had "laid their minds upon," for fear of "destroying the harmony," and by no means please the enemy by "breaking up in a row." So they quietly went over bodily from Gen. Dockery—(pity the sorrows of a poor old man!) to the other General, who had "walked in lemons"—provided, nevertheless, they could save "Mr. Pool as Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, and Gov. Holden as Chairman of the State Executive Committee."—These were *Southern white men*, and they must have a little bone to gnaw, or there would be particular and very inharmonious growling. So the colored delegation, by yielding their preference, carried the day and "harmonized the elements."

Gen. Laflin "wished to set himself right before the colored and the white population." Why not the white and the colored, as well? We beseech our friend, the Northampton Colonel, to assert *equality*,—and not allow his white confreres to place white folks always behind the negroes. Or if there must be the relative position, let the rule be universal. When Gen. Laflin was making his speech, and white people and negroes, or negroes and whites, were mixed "permiskusly" in Tucker Hall, some Federal officers were sitting side by side in a carriage, and a negro was sitting behind, as slaves used to sit. This is all wrong; and Sambo, by republican rule, should have been placed either in front or, at least, between the Northern white men. Our friends ought to set us good examples. We have precepts enough. But we should feel better, perhaps, (and they are all very tender of our feelings,) if they would practice what is so rigorously preached. But Gen. Laflin is forgotten. And he ought to be ever remembered—if for nothing else that there is something rather curious in his anatomical structure. For he tells us "I am a Republican wool dyed—clear away up to the handle." But handle or no handle, he withdrew Colonel Odom from the turf and thus left Gen. Abbot to walk over the course all alone in his glory.

The *Chronicle* adds: "Colonel Peck (we thought he was General) then proposed three cheers for General John C. Abbot, (we did not know that his name was John,) the Pesident elect of this Convention." The cheers were heartily given—and now comes the tug of war! S.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Godwin's New Cotton Press.

AS AGENT for the Patentee, I can furnish Rights for the Use of this valuable invention, and also the Drawing, Irons, &c., for putting it up complete. It is a great improvement on the old screw, and will save both time and money.
Sept 18—36-tf JAS. M. TOWLES, Agent.

FOR RENT.

A desirable RESIDENCE, on Hargett Street, about ten minutes walk from the Capitol Square. A fine well of water, two acres of ground and all necessary out-houses, and in a good neighborhood. Apply to GEO. T. STRONACH,
Sept. 12—32-tf Administrator.

Durham Smoking Tobacco.

IN STORE at greatly reduced prices. Pure Durham Tobacco in bags or barrels.

ALSO

Chewing Tobacco, from common to prime, at low prices.
Sept. 18—36 tf JAS. M. TOWLES.

J. P. DILLINGHAM,

Commission and Forwarding Merchant,

COR. SOUTH FRONT AND MIDDLE STREET,
(*Old stand of W. P. Moore, Esq.*)

NEWBERN, N. C.

Prompt attention given to all orders for Corn, Fish, &c. Consignments of Produce and Manufactures solicited.

REFERENCES:
W. P. Moore, Esq.,
A. T. Jerkins, Esq.,
Haywood, Guion & Co.,
R. H. Rountree. } Newbern.
Sept. 12—32-1m

N. C. BROGANS.

Just received from the Factory, two cases of heavy N. C. BROGANS, warranted *whole Leather and all Leather*, and offered as low as the same quality can be sold any where.

Merchants will please call and see them and encourage Home Work.
JAMES M. TOWLES,
Sept. 13—2w. Agent.

EMPTY SACKS.

A large lot on hand; good Corn Sacks; only used once. Price, 12½ cts. by the 100.
JAMES M. TOWLES,
Sept. 13—1w. Agent.

COTTON GIN HORSE POWERS.

WE BEG LEAVE TO INVITE THE ATTENTION OF COTTON PLANTERS TO OUR

IMPROVED EIGHT-FEET STATIONARY POWER.

FOR

DRIVING COTTON GINS.

It is SIMPLE, STRONG and COMPACT, and can be easily put together. We sold a large number last season and the demand is constantly increasing.

The following letter from Col. Hood, of Surry County, speaks for itself:

* * * * It is with much pleasure that I state, your Gin Horse Power bought last season, proved an entire success.

I applied a 13 feet lever and 6 feet band wheel to a 45 saw Gin, and *one pair of ordinary mules which improved on constant work*, and with slow gait of team gave sufficiency of speed and capacity to gin about 4,000 per day.

The wear and tear in ginning 60 bales of cotton is not perceivable—do not think it could be estimated at 2 per cent. It was put up and geared by one of the best machinists in the State, who pronounced it superior to any power he had seen; also, several gentlemen familiar by long use of gins, have examined it and decided to lay aside their old powers and order this pattern of you.

Yours, most respectfully, WM. H. HOOD.

PRICE, ONLY $65.

EMORY'S COTTON GINS, at Manufacturer's price
ENGINES, SAW MILLS, TOBACCO AND COTTON PRESSES,
PLOWS, &c., on hand and made to order at our
ESTABLISHMENT.
TAPPEY, LUMSDEN & CO.,
Sept. 14—33 1m PETERSBURG, VA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO BRIDGE BUILDERS.

THE RE-BUILDING of the Bridge over Walnut Creek, on the Goldsboro Road, will be let out to the lowest bidder on Saturday, the 28th of September, at 10 o'clock. Specifications made known at the time.
W. H. HOLLEMAN, } Committee.
JEFF FISHER. }
Sept. 19—37-td

FOR SALE.

White GOOSE FEATHERS, and another lot of Factory CHEESE.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Sept. 19—37-tf Wholesale Grocers.

STRAY COW.

ABOUT a week ago a light red COW, without horns, with a calf about six months old, strayed from the N. C. Institution for Deaf and Dumb and the Blind. Any information about them will be suitably rewarded upon application to me at the Institution.
Sept 19—37-tf JAMES A. LEACH.

SEPTEMBER 19th, 1867.

OUR STOCK IS COMPLETE.

LARGEST! BEST!! CHEAPEST!!!

SINCE THE WAR.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS IN EVERY STYLE.

PRINTS! PRINTS!! PRINTS!!!
From 10c. per yard and upward.

SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS,
From 10c. and upward.

SIXTY CASES OF SHOES,
For Men, Women and Boys. In original packages.

HATS! HATS!! HATS!!!
All of the latest styles and qualities.

UMBRELLAS,
TRUNKS,
SATCHELS, &c.

GLOVES!
GLOVES!!
GLOVES!!!

HANDKERCHIEFS,
HANDKERCHIEFS.

All now arriving at our old Stand.
☞ Will move in three weeks to New Store
Sept. 19-tf W. H. A R. S. TUCKER & CO.

COTTON GINS, COTTON PRESSES Horse Powers. H. L. Emery & Son's Universal Gin and Condenser, The Georgia Cotton Gin, Gullet's Steel Brush Gin, Ingersoll's Cotton Press, Lever and Railway Horse Powers, Cotton Bagging, Baling Rope, Patent Cotton Ties, Leather and Rubber Belting, Lace Leather, &c.
MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,
Aug. 30—20-1t Newbern, N. C.

BANK OF LEXINGTON.

OFFICE OF RECEIVER, }
GREENSBORO', N. C., Sept. 14, 1867. }

In obedience to instructions, contained in Special Orders, No. 121, issued by Major General D. E. Sickles, at Headquarters, Second Military District, Charleston, S. C., I, the undersigned, having been therein appointed Receiver of the Bank of Lexington, do hereby give notice to all indebted to said Bank, that they must come forward and make payment within twelve months from this date.

All who do not comply with this notice will find their papers, without discrimination, placed immediately in a course of collection.

All who hold claims of any character against said Bank, are hereby notified to present them, properly authenticated, within twelve months from this date, otherwise they will be excluded from all benefit in the distribution of the assets then to be made.

Address JESSE H. LINDSAY, Receiver,
Greensboro', Guilford Co., N. C.
Sept. 18—36-3tawdm

Coming!

COMING!!

COMING!!!

Fall is Coming!

WINTER IS COMING

AND SO ARE

FALL AND WINTER GOODS!!

Of every Description!

And, what is better than all,

PRICES ARE COMING DOWN!!

AT

M. ROSENBAUM'S,

No. 16 Fayetteville St.

Sept. 13—tf.

A Pocket-Book Found.

FOUND on Sunday, the 15th inst., between my house and Holland's Church, on the Fayetteville Road, a Pocket-Book, containing money. The owner can have it on describing property and paying for this advertisement.
Sept. 18—36-1t* B. J. PERKINSON.

For the Ætna Life Insurance Company, $7,000,000 00 Assets.

RECEIVED OF WM. H. OBOW, (General Agent of North Carolina,) payment in full for the policy of John F. Sanders, dec'd, No. 18,667, for $5,000, and a dividend of 50 per cent. on cost.
WILLIS H. SANDERS,
Attorney for
MRS. SANDERS AND CHILDREN.
Sept. 3—32-2m.

DRY GOODS.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF

FALL GOODS!

"Time and Tide wait for no man."

NOTWITHSTANDING WE ARE NOT YET in our New Store, we are receiving a

SEASONABLE SUPPLY OF

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

CONSISTING OF

Ladies' Dress Goods, Gents and Boys' Wear, Bleached and Unbleached Domestics, Cambrics, Towelings, Diapering, &c.,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

And ten thousand and one articles unnecessary to advertise.

Our Stock will be complete and kept so during the Fall.

Until we move to our New Building, we shall continue bringing in Fresh Supplies to our present stand.

Remember our motto,

"Quick sales and small profits," and "The best goods at the lowest price."

W. H. A R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Raleigh, Sept. 3—23-tf.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS

TAYLOR, MARTIN & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, IRON,

STEEL, BELTING, PACKING,

WAGON MATERIAL, &c.

CORNER MAIN STREET AND MARKET SQUARE,

NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

Sept. 10—30-3m

W. E. BENBURY,

OF NORTH CAROLINA, WITH

W. R. C. LAND,

DEALER IN

LUMBER, LIME, COAL, WOOD, HAY, SHINGLES, LATHS,

PLASTER, HAIR, TAR, PITCH AND TURPENTINE,

WIDE WATER ST. AND WOODSIDE'S WHARF,

Norfolk, Va.

Sept. 10—30-3m

L. BERKLEY. | W. M. MILLAR. | J. W. GRANDY, *Formerly of N. C.*

BERKLEY, MILLAR & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

16 WEST MAIN STREET,

NEXT TO EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK,

NORFOLK, Va.

Sept. 10—30-3m

WILLIAM LAMB,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,

NORFOLK, Va.

FOR the sale of Cotton, Tobacco—Lugs, Strips, Smoking and Leaf—Wheat, Flour, Corn, Dried Fruit, and all other country products,

In the Markets of

NORFOLK, LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

Also Agents for Norfolk & Liverpool Steamers.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS.

I have secured the services of Mr. C. E. DUNN, OF NORTH CAROLINA, who will call on his friends and acquaintances in Central and Western Carolina, and he will be pleased to give all desired information to those addressing him, care of B. F. WILLIAMSON & CO., Raleigh, N. C.
July 19-29t-2m

W. H. CHEEK, | W. E. CAPEHART, | C. CAPEHART,

CHEEK, CAPEHART & CO.,

GROCERS,

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 35 Commerce Street,

NORFOLK, VA.

A supply of Pure PERUVIAN GUANO and other Fertilizers, ROPE, BAGGING, GROCERIES and LIQUORS, kept constantly on hand.
Aug 20-11-6m

COWAND & HARRISS,

General Commission Merchants,

26 Commerce Street,

NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO SALES OF Cotton, Grain, Lumber, Tobacco, Naval Stores, &c., and purchase of Supplies. Will forward Cotton to Europe FREE of forwarding CHARGE.

D. G. COWAND, R. J. HARRISS,
Washington co., N. C. Granville, late of Halifax co., N. C.
aug10-3m

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A square will be considered to consist of 12 or 15 lines, or 1½ inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
one square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	3,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	5,00
One square two months	12,00
Each additional "	6,00
One square three months	14,00
Each additional "	7,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 10 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 each or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1867.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—White Goose Feathers, Factory Cheese: Pulliam, Jones Co., Fayetteville Street.

Notice to Bridge-builders: W. H. Holleman and Jeff. Fisher, Committee.

Mechanics' Tools, Farmers' Implements, &c: Mitchell, Allen & Co., Newbern.

Stray Cow: Apply to J. A. Leach, at the N. C. Institution for the Deaf, Dumb and Blind.

Another large and splendid importation: W. H. & R. S. Tucker & Co.

OAK GROVE.—Final registration at this beat roots up 306, as the whole number. On the second round, 72 whites and 23 blacks were registered.

DEAF, DUMB AND BLIND INSTITUTION.—The number of pupils received into this Institution, thus early in the session, is about *eighty*. The Institution will not properly and comfortably accommodate more than ninety, which number will doubtless soon be reached. Were its capacity enlarged, and efforts made to reach them, there are probably twice as many more of these unfortunates in the State who could enjoy the benefits of this noble charity.

COLORED SUNDAY SCHOOL EXHIBITION.—Tucker Hall seems to be all the go now, with all classes. We learn that the Colored Sunday School Exhibition, on Tuesday night, was quite successful. It paid expenses and left $100 for the objects it had in view.

"DIXIE COOKERY."—We are gratified to learn that this little book, by Mrs. V. C. Barringer, of Concord, has proven an eminent success. It has been bought extensively, we learn, in the North and Northwest; and, we hope, in the South. At all events, several thousand have been disposed of, and the publishers feel the necessity of another edition. It is an excellent compilation of receipts, and betokens experienced and admirable house-wifery. All our ladies should have it,—and even the old bachelors might find it useful.

SHERIFFS.—The Sheriffs of Chowan, Perquimans and Mecklenburg were in the City, on yesterday, to settle with the Public Treasurer. Between now and the 1st of October, we trust all will be able to settle. This creates a considerable business pressure upon the Comptroller and the Treasury Department.

SICKNESS.—We are pained to learn, that much sickness prevails in our Northeastern and Eastern Counties, and also in the Counties, West, on the Yadkin and the Catawba. The sickness generally is chills and fevers, terminating in bilious fever,—the result, no doubt, of the excessive rains we have had. But it generally yields to prompt medical treatment.

WE ARE GLAD to learn that Messrs. Mitchell, Allen & Co., of Newbern, having secured the right for all the Southern States, are succeeding finely with the new Labor-Saving Economical Pump. The gentleman, whom they expected to test its feasibility in this City, has been detained by sickness, but is expected to be here in a few days.

They write us that their Cotton-Gin machinery business has exceeded that of any previous year.

IT IS NOT OFTEN that we can endorse anything that we find in the Newbern *Republican*; but we will stand by the following:

"A CREDIT TO THE STATE.—During our recent visit to Raleigh we *put up* at the Yarborough House, and we deem it due to manager Blair to state our conviction that the Yarborough House is second to no Hotel South of Philadelphia, in point of comfort, cleanliness, attendance, and last, though not least, the excellence of its table."

GREELEY ON THE FREEDOM OF THE PRESS.—General Ord's reprimand of the post commandant at Camden, Ark., for sanctioning the destruction of a newspaper office by United States soldiers, will be universally applauded. The conduct of our troops at Camden appears to have been outrageous, and we hope that outrages of all sorts will be promptly punished, whether committed by the blue or the gray.—*Tribune.*

SINGULAR APPLICATION FOR BANKRUPTCY.—A man applied to Register Bond yesterday, for the benefit of the bankrupt law, whose liabilities amounted to $59. He had to pay $50 on filing his application. If he had raised the nine dollars he could have relieved himself of his obligations just as cheaply, and very much more to the satisfaction of his creditors than by the plan he adopted.—*Rich. Examiner, Sept.* 14.

Thad. Stevens has gone to take iron tonic at the ruins of his late lamented works, by way of screwing his courage to the confiscating point, before the meeting of Congress.

When Jubal Early heard that Lee had surrendered, he collapsed into a corner of his ambulance and meekly remarked, "Well, Gabriel, blow your horn."

STATE NEWS.

——Registration has been completed in Alamance. The total number of voters registered is 2,104, of which the whites have 1,331 and the blacks 773. The Conservatives have a sweeping majority in the County and will send two good delegates to the Convention.

——The Charlotte *News* says that at a County Convention of the Radical party, at Salisbury, on last Saturday, Allen Rose and C. Moring were nominated for the Convention. That paper adds:

"Of the Radical party in Rowan at least three-fourths are colored, and yet the white "brothers" appropriate all the offices.—There are colored men in Rowan equally as well educated, and decidedly more intelligent, than either of the nominees. Why then do these philanthropists stop short of the full measure of justice to the negro? If they have three fourths of the votes, it would seem that they are entitled to at least one-half the offices. When will these foolish colored people learn that they are being wretchedly duped?"

The Radical wire-workers in Rowan are only carrying out the "Plan of Organization" laid down by the late Jacobin Convention, in this City. It was designed to exclude the colored "brethren" from all share in the spoils, while, at the same time, it should secure their votes.

——A friend, writing us from Anson, under date of Sept. 14th., gives us the following items of "news and gossip" in that County:

"You have no doubt noted the nominations made in this County by the L. L's or "Red Strings." The nominees are men of the most ordinary ability, of no education, or even reputation. Chilson was a "detailed" conscript in 1863, to catch porpoises for oil, at the mouth of the Great Pee Dee, or in Bull's Bay, and deserted to a Yankee gunboat, as soon as the opportunity presented, carrying off with him several young men, who have ever since regretted the step. They feel their disgrace to such an extent, that they cannot be induced to return home. As soon as the war ended, Chilson returned here, and with brazen effrentery, on all public occasions, showed himself in Yankee army uniform. He attracted no more notice than a mangy "yaller dog" would. His desertion, and zeal lately in swearing negroes into Union Leagues, are his only recommendations for election. Tucker might lay a little more claim to respectability. He is of the class of small farmers, living in the Northwestern part of the County, sympathized during the war with those who were concerned in the flag raisings under Holden's peace movement, and has the reputation of having had lots of contraband whiskey, when the distillation of grain was prohibited by the C. S. These nominations have given great dissatisfaction to prominent members of "the party," among them Maj. Walter J. Boggan and Dixon Ingram, and the party is rapidly falling to pieces. Dixon had worked hard to get the negroes into the order, and had sought the nomination; but those he had "educated" would none of him. Boggan was their inquest officer in the County, and was instanced by Coleman, of Concord, after he left here, as to the respectability of the party here; but the delegates would none of *him*, either. He has "cussed" the party and quit in big disgust.

Dixon is as much "hurt" and cut by the action of his co-delegates, for he had a seat in the body that made the nomination, and report says that he has withdrawn, or is about to leave the League. With these nominations down goes the League hereabouts, which, at one time, threatened to control everything. If any supporters of it are to be found hereafter, they must be looked for among the negroes."

The Registers of this county completed their first round on Tuesday last, and the returns indicate the negroes to outnumber the whites by about one hundred. The second round, so far, indicates that they will probably maintain this majority.

The crops of corn in this county, with few exceptions, are complete failures. The cotton is better, and if the weather will hold ordinarily clear from now until about the last of the month, the yield will be fair, and we may look for a yield almost approaching the average yield before the war."

——Bahvester Haywood, who was respited by the Governor until the 20th. inst., will be hung in Newbern, to morrow, (Friday.)

——The Goldsboro *Messenger* says that the new town of Selma, (but a few months old,) on the N. C. R. R., in the County of Johnston, is growing rapidly.

——"A friend" communicates to the Charlotte *News* the following sharp "sell" upon the "Red Strings" of Wilkes by a citizen of that County. The writer says:

"He (the citizen) became a sudden convert to the dogma of extreme Radicalism, would associate with none but Red Strings of the most approved order, and, to show his unquestionable adherence to the faith, which he had embraced, he proposed to his new friends to make up a club for a Radical paper. Some eight or ten, including the clerk of the Superior Court, joined his club and paid up the money, which was at once forwarded North.

About a week after, imaging the surprise and indignation with which each member of the club received a copy of Brick Pomeroy's La Crosse *Democrat*."

——The Wilmington *Journal* suggests, as an act of humanity, that the city government provide a physician for those of the unfortunate poor, who are prostrated by severe illness and unable to obtain medical attendance.

——The Goldsboro *Star* says that an immense amount of freight is passing over the Wilmington Road, for the interior of North and South Carolina, *via* Goldsboro, and the N. C. Road.

——Business on the Atlantic and N. C. R. R. is said to have greatly increased within a few weeks past.

——The Wilmington *Journal*, alluding to the recent accident on the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, says:

"On Thursday morning, at four and a half o'clock, the Express passenger train going North, on the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, had the misfortune to break a rail near the low trestle, one mile North of Battleboro, by which four cars were thrown into the swamp, knocking down two hundred feet of trestle-work over the swamp. About one and a half o'clock, P. M., same day, the Superintendent arrived on the ground. Collecting an extra force, in a short time he soon made arrangements to pass passengers over to trains on each side, which was done successfully until the cars were removed from the swamp. The trestle was reconstructed during Friday night, so that all was completed by Saturday morning. *Pretty quick time.*"

TELEGRAPHIC.

Wednesday Evening Dispatches.

RETURN OF THE PRESIDENT.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18, M.

The Presidential party arrived safely at 1 o'clock this morning.

BROWNLOW'S FEES.

NASHVILLE, Sept. 18, M.

A delegation from Jackson County has arrived here with a petition for the removal of the Militia, who are committing all manner of depredations. The delegation includes Senator Muse, who is a Radical. Three of the Militia, implicated in the murder of Mayor Hartman, have escaped.

CABLE SUMMARY.

At an informal meeting of the delegates to the Pan Anglican Synod, called by the Arch Bishop of Canterbury, the following were present: Bishops Hopkins, of Vermont, Odenheimer, of New Jersey, and Rev. Mr. Maury, an Episcopal Clergyman from the United States.

Col. Kelly, a Fenian leader, was arrested at Manchester yesterday and taken to Dublin.

A funeral, it is supposed, of a Fenian Director, at Belfast, was attended by 8,000 persons.

The King of Prussia will review the military of the Grand Duchy of Bladen next week, by invitation of the Grand Duke.

GEN. BEAUREGARD.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18, M.

At a dinner given to Gen. Beauregard by a party of Southern gentlemen at the New York Hotel, he made a speech in which he stated, "that he had received tempting offers from English capitalists to take up his residence in England as Superintendent of extensive engineering works in that country, but he had concluded, upon calmly surveying the different governments of the world, their States, and their inherent strength, that this country possessed the most stable government of any existing on the face of the earth, and that for his part he was determined to spend his life under the flag of the government that was the most stable and least liable to disorganization.

It was nothing short of sheer nonsense, to talk of another rebellion. If they wanted to raise one they could not. It was utterly impossible for them to do so for the next generation."

Thursday Morning Dispatches.

VIRGINIA OYSTER LAWS—INTELLIGENT VOTERS!

RICHMOND, Sept. 18,—P. M.

Gen. Schofield issued an order to day, altering the oyster laws of Virginia so as to prescribe dry measure instead of liquid measure, extending the time to ninety days for oysters own d by non-residents to be laid out in the waters of Virginia, and ordering the tax of three cents per bushel to be paid but once, and then by the person carrying the oysters to market, or shipping them from the State.

The voting on the Railroad subscription closed to-day, without altering the result. About 200 black votes were thrown out from the fact that they had forgotten the names they registered by, and handed in their votes under different names.

THE ANTIETAM ANNIVERSARY, &c.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18, P. M.

At Antietam, just West of the main stand and within the Cemetery enclosure, is a limestone rock some six feet long by two or three feet, known far and wide throughout the Washington country as Lee's rock, from the fact that Gen. Lee stood there during the fiercest of the fight at Antietam, directing the operations of the Confederate Army. During the day parties of curiosity hunters were busily engaged in chipping off pieces of the rock as relics.

McClellan's position during the battle was pointed out near a red farm house, in a position a little less commanding than that occupied by Gen. Lee.

The following illustrates the harmony of the ceremonies:

The "loud calls" for Gov. Geary, of Pennsylvania, on the conclusion of Ex-Gov. Bradford, showed that among the Pennsylvanians present there was an under-current of ill feeling on account of some slight, real or fancied, to their Governor, by his name not appearing in the programme. The outcry for Geary, for the time being, was overpowered by the calls for the President, and prevented a word of the reading of the poem from being heard.

The brass band essayed to perform a piece with as little effect, and finally, after a hurried consultation on the stand, Gov. Geary was induced to present himself and ask that the programme should be gone through with without interruption. He subsequently spoke after the proceedings were ended, showing considerable feeling.

The President and members of the Cabinet left the stand while Gov. Geary was speaking, in order to proceed to Reedsville to take the train, and this proceeding was taken by some of the friends of the Governor as an intentional slight.

He opened his speech:

Fellow Citizens:—After all you have heard to-day, I had supposed you would want nothing more. The programme opened and concluded with prayer. Those who have waited must come in at the last hour, but, fellow citizens and friends, we still have a place in the hearts of the people. (Applause.) When you come to Pennsylvania, we let everybody speak. We want to hear thanks to Almighty God for His preservation and care of the country. We have no gag (Applause.) We have no programme for this purpose. (Renewed applause.) We have no gag in our programmes.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

WASHINGTON Sept. 18, P. M.

Gen. Grant ordered, by telegraph, this morning, a report of the sanitary condition of the army in the Fifth Military District.

Revenue to day $250,000.

The Maryland Constitutional election is progressing quietly. Its adoption, by a large majority, is certain. It abolishes test oaths for Confederates, and admits negro testimony in Courts.

The officers of the steamer Taconey are ordered from Key West to Portsmouth, New Hampshire, in consequence of the fever.

There were 512 deaths in New York last week, a decrease of 49.

Gen. Lee is at Healing Springs, Va. He has been quite ill, but is convalescent.

Edward Spangler writes from the Dry Tortugas Sept. 6th, that he is busy making coffins. His fellow-prisoner, Dr. Mudd, the Post Doctor being sick, is treating the yellow fever very successfully.

Many of the Clerks of the Departments are framing copies of the President's proclamation, received through their respective Chiefs. Underlying the levity which the unusual proceeding produces, there appears to be much earnest feeling.

YELLOW FEVER AND A BLACK JUDGE.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 18, P. M.

The deaths from yellow fever, to six this morning, were 46. The fever is spreading among the interior towns of this State.

A black Judge presided this morning for the first time on the Bench of the first district of the Recorder's Court of this City.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, September 18, P. M.

Cotton steady. Sales 900 bales at 34@62.

Flour active, advanced 10@20. State $5,40@$11.

Wheat active, 1@2 better. Amber State $2,50.

White Southern $2,40.

Corn active. Western mixed $1,25@$1,27.

Mess Pork $24,31.

Turpentine 59½. Rosin $4@$8.

Stock market heavy and excited. Money 6@7. Gold $1,45½. Virginia sixes 45@50.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 18—P. M.

Cotton very dull.

Wheat firm. Prime to choice red $2,40@2,60.

Corn, white, $1,30. Yellow $1,28.

WILMINGTON, Sept. 18, P. M.

Spirits Turpentine 54. Rosin $3@$6,75.

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS FOR 1867.

Old Prices Reached the City and Stopped at

A. CREECH'S,

R. SMITH'S CORNER,

Fayetteville Street.

I AM NOW RECEIVING MY FALL AND WINTER Stock of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

And I can say, with safety, that I have one among the largest and most complete stocks that has ever been brought to this City, either before or since the war, embracing almost any and everything suitable for Ladies' and Gentlemen's wear.

CALICOES, 10, 12½, 15, and 18 cents per yard.

FRENCH MERINOS, 75 cts. to $1,25 per yard.

DELAINES, POPLINS, and a great variety of other Dress Goods, embracing all the new novelties of the season, and will be sold cheap enough to insure sales.

BROWN DOMESTICS, 12½, 15 and 20 cts. per yard.

BLEACHED DOMESTICS, 12½, 15, 20 and 25 cts. per yard, and all other goods in proportion.

Also, the largest and most varied stock of

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
SATINETS,
TWEEDS,
AND KENTUCKY JEANS

I ever offered to the trade in this City, both as to price and quality.

Also a very fine assortment of White and Colored FLANNELS,

LADIES' CLOAKS,
BREAKFAST SHAWLS,
SQUARE AND LONG SHAWLS,

which will be sold at prices to suit my customers.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED HATS,—new styles, from 50 cents to $4.00 each.

Boots and Shoes, Boots and Shoes.

The largest and best stock I ever brought to the City, consisting, in part, of J. Miles & Sons' make and others of equally high standing.

Ladies' Pegged Balmorals from $1 to $2.

Ladies Sewed Balmorals, from $1,50 to $3,50.

CREECH'S is the place to come to buy your Boots and Shoes.

Hats, Hats, Hats,

From 75 cts. to $4,00. Don't stop until you come to CREECH'S to buy your Hats. In fact, I think I can meet the expectations of all my customers and the public generally, both as to price and quality of All Goods.

Now a few words to my customers and friends. You see a great many different styles of advertisements. Some say they are in "luck again;" some say they have "hit the nail on the head;" some "selling out at cost;" some to "make room for a new stock;" some one thing and some another. But allow me to say, whether I am in luck, or whether I hit the nail on the head, or whether I missed the nail entirely, or failed to advertise "selling out at cost," *I have sold out my old stock*, (while *they* are still hammering away over their old stock,) and have been North and bought a new stock. My goods are now in Store, and opened for inspection.

COME AND LOOK AT THEM.

I told my customers, six months ago, that I would sell goods as cheap as Yankee, Jew or Gentile, and I think I have made my word good.

I told the people to come to Creech's to buy their goods, that I would serve them right. Hundreds have come, and they are still coming from this and adjoining Counties. And I here take the privilege to say I think they have shown their good judgment.

Don't forget to come to

A. CREECH'S,

Sept. 12—32-tf Fayetteville Street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE FIRE EXTINGUISHER.

This Portable, Self-Acting Fire Engine

IS OFFERED TO THE Public as a ready, certain and speedy means of preventing LARGE CONFLAGRATIONS.

Until the invention of the

Portable, Self-Acting Fire Engine,

Fires have been met by means too slow, too late and too cumbrous. But few persons in this country have the advantage of large hand or Steam Fire Engines, and those few often suffer a total loss of their property by reason of the great length of time consumed in sending for and getting them into working order.

BUT NOT SO WITH THE FIRE EXTINGUISHER,

which being kept charged and standing in your House, Store or Factory, is always

Ready for Instant Service.

The fire can be extinguished and your property saved with little loss or damage, or even an alarm of Fire.

The first few minutes of conflagration decide the fate of the property; "a little fire is quickly put out, which, being suffered, rivers cannot quench."

THE EXTINGUISHER, being very simple in its operation, and entirely self-propelling, requires no previous skill or practice to operate it, and being so light, portable and self-acting, is capable of being used in any place, by any person, male or female.

It puts out all fires, arising from whatever cause.

You are saved from the immense water damage caused by large Engines.

You can effect insurance on your property

At Lower Rates,

if protected by the Extinguisher.

The Extinguisher is no humbug, as thousands of good men in Europe and America will testify. I have already put these little Engines into some of our best Factories and largest Schools in N. C.

No House, Store, Factory, or Corporation is safe without them.

The price is as nothing, compared with the protection they afford.

Send for a Circular,

LEWIS C. HANES,
General Agent for N. C.,
Lexington, N. C.

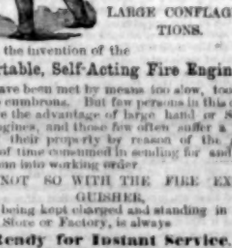
Messrs. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO. are my Agents for the City of Raleigh.

Sept. 10—30-3m L. C. H.

DOTY'S WASHING MACHINE,

AND THE

UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER.



THE BEST AND ONLY WASHING MACHINE AND WRINGER THAT HAS BEEN FULLY TESTED IN THIS PLACE.

THESE MACHINES have been used for some time, in the family of the Secretary of the State and the Senior Editor of the *Sentinel*, and I are authorized to state have given entire satisfaction. These Machines are patented, and persons using any other Machines like them are liable to be prosecuted. Persons wishing to purchase can get one on trial.

Do not be induced, by any kind of representation, to buy a Machine, until you examine these.

Sept. 12—32-tf D. C. MURRAY, Agent.

FINANCIAL CIRCULAR.

THOS. BRANCH & CO., Richmond, Va. BRANCH, SONS & CO. Augusta, Ga.

REPORTED BY

THOS. BRANCH & SONS,

Bankers and Commission Merchants, Petersburg, Va.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Bank of Cape Fear	28½
" Charlotte	25½
" Cheraw	4
" Commerce	16½
" Fayetteville	10½
" Lexington	18
" " at Graham	24
" North Carolina	48
" Roanoke	5
" Thomasville	33
" Wadesborough	14½
" Washington	12
" Wilmington	25
" Yanceyville	11
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	24
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina	27
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	38
Miners' and Planters' Bank	35

We pay corresponding high prices for other Bank notes.

Prices liable to change and pay the best rate the day received.

Packages received by Express and remitted for promptly in Currency or New York funds, free of cost.

July 18-293 tf

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 20) G. B.	45
" Cape Fear	28
" Charlotte	23
" Lexington, at Graham	30
" Roxboro	50
" Wadesborough	34
" Thomasville	50
" Wilmington	22
" Commerce	14
" Washington	12
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	7
Miners' and Planter's Bank	32
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	34
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	22
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	50
Greensborough Mutual	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	23
Gold	140
Silver	132
Old Coupons	4½
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87½
Old Sixes	70
Exchange on New York	¼

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY WILSON & SHORER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	43c
" Cape Fear	26½
" Charlotte	25
" Wadesboro	34½
" Roxboro	55
" Thomasville	35
" Lexington at Graham	24
" " Lexington	18
" Commerce	14½
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	10½
" Washington	12
" Yanceyville	11
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro	27
Miners'and Planters' Bank	35
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	24
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co.	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

July 26-298-3m*

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JENKINS & PERRY, GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FAYETTEVILLE ST., RALEIGH, N. C.

BACON	17@23
" RALT. & WESTERN	17@20
BEEF ON HOOF	8@9
" NETT	10@20
BUTTER	35@40
COTTON	26@00
CHICKENS, Spring,	20@25
" Grown	25@30
CORN	1 40@1 50
COFFEE	25@30
EGGS	20@25
FLOUR	10@17
FODDER	1 @
HERRINGS	4@5@12
HIDES—Green	10c pr lb.
" Dry	12½
HAY	75@1 pr. cwt.
LARD	18@20
MEAL	1 40@1 60
MOLASSES	75
NAILS	7@10
PEAS—Stock	1 40@1 50
POTATOES—Irish	0 00@0 00
" Sweet	1@1 50
RAGS	4@5
SALT	4 00@4 25
SUGAR	15@25
TALLOW	10
VINEGAR	50@75

REMARKS.

Very little Cotton being brought to market and dull at above quotations.

Flour steady.

Supply of Bacon equal to demand and prices a shade lower.

Petersburg Markets.

Cotton, 21@23

Tobacco (Leaf,) $3,50@$31, according to quality.

Leaf $8,50@$175.

Corn, 1@84,07.

Bacon: Va., 17@18, hog-round. Western Shoulders 15@16; Sides 17@18.

Flour, $9@$14, according to quality.

Salt, $3 25@$3,50.

Norfolk Markets.

Cotton, 21@24.

Bacon, 16@18½, hog-round.

Corn, 105@$1,10.

Flour, $9@$14,50

Guano, Peruvian, $85.

Wheat, $1,50@$2,40.

Staves, $25@$100, according to quality.

Richmond Markets.

Wheat, $1,75@$2,35.

Corn, $1,05@$1,07.

Tobacco, Lugs, $5@$45.

" Leaf, $7@$900.

Newbern Markets.

Flour, $10@$17.

Pork, (Mess,) $24@$27.

Hams, (N. C.) 16@18c.

Corn $1,15.

Cotton, (Tax unpaid,) 18c.

Turpentine $2,25@$3,50.

[The Wilmington Markets are generally reported by telegraph. The foregoing are all regularly corrected.]

SPECIAL NOTICES

LIME, PLASTER, CEMENT AND HAIR.

A Large Supply always on hand and for sale on most favorable terms by

WORTH & DANIEL.

Wilmington, N. C.

P. S. MONTHLY RECEIPTS OF FRESH LIME FROM MAINE.

July 11-287-6m

CHOICE WARREN COUNTY AND UP-COUNTRY FLOUR.

10 bbls. Jenkins' best Family, and

10 sacks of a very superior up-country Flour, just received and for sale by

Sept 13—33-tf JENKINS & PERRY.

MEDICINES, &C.

THE GREAT

SOUTHERN BLOOD MEDICINE.

OF

ROSADALIS,

A SAFE AND CERTAIN CURE

(AND THE ONLY ONE YET DISCOVERED)

FOR

SCROFULA,

IN ITS VARIOUS FORMS,

Such as Consumption, in its early stages, Enlargement and Ulceration of the Glands, Joints, Bones, Kidneys, Uterus, Chronic Rheumatism, Eruptions of the Skin, Chronic Sore Eyes, &c.

ALSO

SYPHILIS, in all its forms,

DISEASES OF WOMEN,

LOSS OF APPETITE,
SICK HEADACHE,
LIVER COMPLAINT,
PAIN IN THE BACK,
IMPRUDENCE IN LIFE,
GRAVEL,
GENERAL ILL HEALTH,

AND ALL DISEASES OF THE

LIVER

Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder.

IT IS

a—It thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

It is perfectly harmless, never producing the slightest injury.

THE ROSADALIS

Is not a secret Medicine. The articles from which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and recommended by the

MEDICAL FACULTY,

Wherever it has been introduced, as a POSITIVE and

RELIABLE MEDICINE,

FOR DISEASES OF THE

BLOOD, LIVER AND KIDNEYS.

Used and Endorsed by the leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., Chemist,

WILSON, N. C.

FOR SALE BY ALL THE PRINCIPAL DRUGGISTS IN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA.

AND WHOLESALE BY

D. BARNES & CO., 21 Park Row, N. Y.
E. WILLIS, Wilmington, N. C.
CARR, BOYKIN & CO., 44 Light St., Baltimore.
J. H. BAKER, 14 Roanoke Avenue, Norfolk, Va.

Price $1,50 Per Bottle.

FOR SALE BY

WILLIAMS & HATWOOD,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Aug. 30—30-ecwtm

THE LAST GREAT SENSATION

AND MONSTER COMBINATION OF ZOOLOGICAL, ORNITHOLOGICAL AND EQUESTRIAN

WONDERS OF CREATION.

Raleigh, Tuesday and Wednesday, October 1st and 2nd, 1867.

JOHN ROBINSON'S

GREAT COMBINATION

CIRCUS & MENAGERIE,

Forming a Grand Stock Enterprise, consisting

TEN SHOWS

Of first class selection, in one grand alliance, producing the most stupendious display of Wealth, Talent and Experience ever seen in this country.

THE MAMMOTH

ZOOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT

Is composed of the curious and rare

Animals of Asia, Africa, and South America,

Including Ornithological selections of the most beautiful specimens of FOREIGN BIRDS, forming the most extensive collection of

WILD ANIMALS

IN THE COUNTRY, supported by the

Largest Company of Equestrians

IN AMERICA, numbering

150 MEN AND 250 HORSES,

INCLUDING

FIFTY PERFORMERS,

Five Lady Equestriennes,

Three Popular Clowns,

Enabling the management to produce

STARTLING ACTS OF HORSEMANSHIP,

DARING GYMNASTIC EXERCISES,

SPECTACLES OF ORIENTAL GRANDEUR,

With the most dazzling splendor.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

President	JOHN ROBINSON.
Superintendent	J. E. ROBINSON, Jr.
Business Manager	W. H. HOUGH.
Secretary	JAMES ROBINSON.
Treasurer	G. N. ROBINSON.

FEATURES OF THE TEN SHOWS.

In the Zoological Department will be found a herd of TAPIRS, a flock of AUSTRALIAN CEMEUS, a band of PORCUPINES, the performing Elephant "EMPRESS," introduced by Mr. Johnson.

Prominent among the attractive talent of the Arena are such Artists as

M'LLE ALICE, M'LLE FRANCES,
MADAME MARGARET,
MADAME GERTRUDE,
MR. JOHN WILSON,
MR. JOHN ROBINSON,
MR. J. McDONOUGH,
MR. GEORGE SLOMAN,
JEAN JOHNSON,
JOS. OSBORNE,
H. BERNARD,

Mr. G. N. ROBINSON, Sig. ADOLPH BRANDT, Mr. JOHN LOWLOW, the American Humorist and Polite Local Clown; Mr. FRANK ROBINSON, Clown par excellence and Modern Grimaldi; Mr. ARCHIE CAMPBELL, Time-honored dispenser of Wit and Humor; The Souperset Lewis, Mr. LEVI WILLIS.

GRAND GRATUITOUS EXHIBITION.

A Gorgeous Ancient Pageant—The Grand Chariot of Mars, Oberon and Fairies; Living Lions in open Dens of Gold and Bronze; Knights and Gladiators, in armor of Ancient Romans, as escort to the gatherings and costly Oriental Equipages. This grand and imposing Procession will be preceded by the Chariot of Oberon, containing

THOS. CANHAM'S

Operatic Silver and String Orchestra,

Of Twenty First-class Musicians.

TWO PERFORMANCES—At 2 and 7 o'clock.

☞ The Procession will enter the city at 9-30 o'clock.

Admission 75 cents.

B. M. STEVENS,
General Agent.

Sept 18—36-1d

WILL EXHIBIT AT

Wilson,	Monday,	Sept.	23rd.
Smithfield,	Tuesday,	"	24th.
Goldsboro',	Wednesday,	"	25th.
Newbern,	Thurs and Fri.	"	26, 27th.
Kinston,	Saturday,	"	28th.
Selma,	Monday,	"	30th.

THE SENTINEL.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1867.

THE CONTROVERSY.

Six plate had John and Joan to board—
Plain folks in humble plight—
One only tankard graced their board,
But that was fill'd each night;

Upon whose inner bottom, scratch'd
In pride of chubby grace,
Some rude engraver's hand had etch'd
A baby angel's face.

John took at first a moderate sup
But Joan was not like John—
For when her lips once touch'd the cup,
She swill'd till all was gone.

John often urged her to drink fair,
But she cared not a jot—
She loved to see that angel there,
And therefore drain'd the pot.

When John found all remonstrance vain,
Another card he played,
And where the angel stood so plain
He had a devil portrayed.

Joan saw the horns, Joan saw the tail,
Yet still she stoutly quaff'd;
And when her lips once touch'd the ale,
She clear'd it at a draught.

John stood with wonder petrified,
His hair stood on his pate.
"And why dost guzzle now," he cried,
"At that enormous rate?"

"Oh, John!" she said, "I'm not to blame—
I *can't* in conscience stop—
For sure 'twould be a burning shame
To leave the devil a drop."

Blackwood's Mag.

FRIGHTFUL DEATH.

[Green Briar Springs (Va.) Correspondence of the Baltimore Gazette.]

A great excitement has been created by the appearance of a snake-charmer with a rattle-snake in his hand. He walked into the parlor one day after dinner, and placed the snake on the ground, to the great annoyance of those present. The fangs had been extracted, but that made the sight none the less shocking.

While this man was here a circus company arrived, to the members of which he exhibited his snake. To one of them whose business it was to feed the snakes he offered this one for three dollars. But the man who was said to be an Arab, refused the offer, and determined to tame one for himself. So he purchased one and commenced to experiment upon it. For a while he got on very well, but the reptile was deaf to the voice of the charmer, and when the man least suspected, and when he held the snake in his hand, it darted out its fangs, struck him twice on the right hand, twice on the left, and once on the lower lip. The man immediately called for whiskey, and drank nearly a quart.

In four hours the limbs began to swell and the pain to become agonizing. A doctor was sent for, but before he came the man called eagerly for the snake. As it was brought to him he caught it by the back of the neck with his teeth, shook it, then bit off its head, spit it on the floor, and finally ate and swallowed about four inches of the body. Whether his idea was to cure like by like; whether he was only carrying out the superstitions of his people; whether his mind was simply delirious, or whether his nature had become so thoroughly impregnated with snake nature that he was merely satisfying snake vengeance, it is impossible to say. He flung himself upon the ground as soon as he had finished devouring the snake flesh, and writhed and wriggled along the floor, unaided by arms or legs, after the manner of a crawling reptile. He was drenched with whiskey, but too late: he died in twenty-four hours. During his last hours he called upon any number of Spanish saints, and it was evident that though Arab by profession the poor fellow was Mexican by birth.

CARBOLIC ACID.—A paragraph stating that carbolic acid will rid an apartment of mosquitos has gone the rounds of the papers, and in many cases the name of the article is erroneously printed "carbonic acid." As many persons have since the appearance of the item asked the question, "What is carbolic acid?" without always receiving satisfactory answers, it may interest our readers to learn something of an article of commerce of which but little is known by the general public. Carbolic acid (known also under the names of phenylic acid, phenic acid, phenol and hydrated oxide of phenile) is often sold for creosote, which article it closely resembles. It is manufactured from coal tar, while creosote is made from wood tar. It was discovered by Runge, in 1834, while distilling coal tar, and its odor is a little different from that of creosote, while it is somewhat heavier. It arrests fermentation, prevents putrefaction, and is used medicinally, both internally and externally, for many complaints. It is said to be fatal to insect life; hence the item which has directed public attention to it.

A party of travellers who have been exploring along the Yellow Stone river, in the far Northwest, report that on eight miles of the country there are the most wonderful volcanic appearances, blue flames issuing from the ground accompanied by a strong whistling sound, craters abounding in every direction and streams of molten brimstone. Hell was the name they gave their newly discovered country.

A newly married lady who was very fond of her husband, notwithstanding his ugliness of person, once said to a witty friend, "What do you think? My husband has laid out ten guineas for a baboon on purpose for me." "The dear little man," cried the other, "Well, it is just like him."

A farmer's wife lately entered a druggist's shop and handed him two prescriptions to be prepared, one for her husband and the other for her cow. Finding, however, that she had not sufficient cash to pay for both, she took away that for the cow, saying, "Tomorrow will do very well for my husband."

THIS IS A JOKE.—There are serious fears entertained in Washington as to the President's health. His friends say he has had a *drop-sickle* attack. We scarcely think it *can be so.*

"How well he plays for one so young," said Mrs. Partington, as the organ-boy performed with a monkey near the door; "and how much his little brother looks like him, to be sure!"

MISCELLANEOUS

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

SAVE LABOR & MONEY BY BURNING

C O A L!!!

PERSONS WHO INTEND USING COAL DURING the

COMING WINTER

will find it greatly to their advantage to supply themselves without any unnecessary delay.

All orders given me will be filled promptly and in such manner as to give entire satisfaction.

For price, &c, apply at my store on Market Square.

DOUGLAS BELL.

Aug 9-310-tf

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS.

A beautiful assortment just to hand. Prices from 50 cents to $10.00.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.

Sept. 13—tf Raleigh, N. C.

RAILROADS.

ATLANTIC & N. C. RAILROAD

AND

NORTH CAROLINA

GRAND TRUNK RAILROAD,

From Charlotte and all Points on the N. Carolina and its Connecting Railroads, to the Seaboard, at Newbern and Morehead City.

THE STATE OWNS THREE-FOURTHS OF the North Carolina Railroad and three-fourths of the ATLANTIC & N. C. RAILROAD. This is the

STATE LINE,

To its OWN SEAPORTS and on its OWN ROADS. All other lines are in opposition.

A six per cent dividend on this line will save the people from taxation $295,000 per annum.

Under a resolution of the Stockholders of the N. C. Railroad, all Freights are to go *via* Goldsboro', unless otherwise specially directed by shippers.

When at Goldsboro', you are only sixty miles from the shipping point, instead of one hundred and sixty *via* Weldon, and eighty *via* Wilmington. Our Steamers are equal to any other line, both for Freight and Travel. Time as short as by any other, and as cheap.

THIS is the Line

TO ENCOURAGE. You get dispatch, safety, but one handling, and less Railroad transportation than by any other line.

Three-fourths of the PROFITS made on this line go directly into the STATE TREASURY, and if encouraged, you will soon be relieved from heavy taxation at least two hundred and ninety-five thousand dollars.

The Railroads composing the N. C. GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY LINE have recently agreed to unite in a

GREAT THROUGH LINE

Route to all the Northern Markets, on equal terms and charges, *via* our own ports to and from the North.

Cars run through to all points without breaking bulk.

For information about shipping, apply to Messrs.

WHEDBEE & DICKINSON, Baltimore.
COCHRAN, RUSSELL & Co., Philadelphia.
BAKER BROTHERS, Boston.
MURRAY & FERRIS, Agents for Murray's North Carolina Steamship Line, New York,

and to myself:

J. V. JORDAN,
FREIGHT AGENT,
Aug. 31—21-tf Newbern, N. C.

☞ Charlotte News, Old North State, Statesville American, and Greensboro' Patriot publish one month, and send bills to office at Newbern.

Notice to Shippers of Freight.

THE SEABOARD INLAND AIR LINE

Via Portsmouth, Va.,

IS THE ONLY **DIRECT LINE** BETWEEN Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and the Carolinas.

It is express in point of speed and safety of Freights, being from

FORTY TO SEVENTY HOURS

in advance of all other lines, and at as low rates.

It offers daily communication with Baltimore, daily communication with Philadelphia.

Five Steamers each week to and from New York.

Two Steamers each week to and from Boston.

It is the only line having these advantages, and to which there is but one handling of freight.

Cars are loaded at the wharves in Portsmouth and are run through to destination.

Be careful to direct your Consignors to ship only

From Baltimore, by the Norfolk or Bay Line Steamers, foot of Union Dock.

From Philadelphia, by the Annamessic Line, Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or by Clyde's Line, 14 South Delaware Avenue.

From New York, by the Old Dominion Steamship Line, Pier 37 North River.

From Boston, by the Norfolk Steamship Line, end of Central Wharf.

All losses, damages, or overcharges promptly adjusted on application to

JAS. McCARRICK,
Trade Agent, Portsmouth, Va.

Have your freight marked **Via Portsmouth, Va.**, and in shipping to Philadelphia, marked **Via Clyde's Line**, or **Via Annamessic**.

E. G. GRIO,
Aug. 31—21-2m Sup't Transportation.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA

ALL STAIE

RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE!)

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD, THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD, UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY SAY VIA. R. & G. R. R!

WE inaugurated and are the *Great through Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and South, for the last ten years, as the *ten Thousand* Shippers in North and South Carolina will testify. We paid the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her interest in this Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come $40,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight

R O U T E,

Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are *required so to direct your Freights*, or they will be taken by another Route!

To insure your Freight being carried over this *Great* Inland Air Line safely direct your consignors to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point Va., *via Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:

Merchants' & Miner's Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

FROM NEW YORK:

Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 187, Greenwich St. Cor. Dey; N. L. McCready, President.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:

(*Via* Annamessic,) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

FROM BALTIMORE:

Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, L. B. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co, 90 Light Street Wharf.

C. B. ALLEN,
Aug 6-305-tf Freight Ag't Raleigh, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PURYEAR'S REFINED MAIZENA, prepared from the best White Corn.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Sep. 13, 1867. Wholesale Grocers.

THE VERY BEST CHEWING TOBACCO, Toilet Soaps, Cigars, Spices, Figs, Nuts and best Candy.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Sept. 13, 1867. Wholesale Grocers.

NORTH CAROLINA SCUPPERNONG WINE, in bottles, just received.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Sept. 13, 1867. Wholesale Grocers.

BOOKS FOR THE YOUNG.

	(sent per mail.)	
Æsop's Fables,	" " "	$1,00
Gulliver's Travels,	" " "	1,00
Robinson Crusoe,	" " "	1,75
The Dog Crusoe,	" " "	1,75
Mechanics' First Book,	" " "	1,75
Text Book of Modern Carpentry,		1,75

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.,
September 25—tf Raleigh, N. C.

DOTY'S CELEBRATED WASHER IN STORE at reduced price.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
Sept. 13—1w Agent.

MISCELLANEOUS.

UNIVERSITY OF LOUISIANA—MEDICAL DEPARTMENT—FACULTY.

A. H. CENAS, M. D., Emeritus Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
JAMES JONES, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
WARREN STONE, M. D., Professor of Surgery.
T. G. RICHARDSON, M. D., Professor of Anatomy.
J. W. MALLET, Ph. D., Professor of Chemistry.
SAMUEL M. BEMISS, M. D., Professor of the Theory and Practice of Medicine.
STANFORD E. CHAILLE, M. D., Professor of Physiology and Pathological Anatomy.
FRANK HAWTHORN, M. D., Professor *pro tem.* of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.

DEMONSTRATORS OF ANATOMY.

WM. C. NICHOLS, M. D., C. J. BICKHAM, M. D.

The Thirtieth Annual Course of Instruction in this Institution will begin November 11th, and end in the following March. Preliminary lectures will be given daily in the Charity Hospital, commencing October 15th, at which time also the new and extensive rooms for Practical Anatomy will be opened. The facilities of the school, heretofore unsurpassed, have, by the liberality of the State Legislature, been greatly increased during the past season, so that now EVERY CHAIR HAS ATTACHED TO IT A PRACTICAL DEPARTMENT, in which students are taught to observe for themselves the facts set forth in the Lecture Room.

Fees for all the Lectures, $140; Matriculation, (paid but once) $5; Practical Anatomy, $10. Payment required in advance.

For further information address

PROF. S. M. BEMISS,
Sept. 2—22 2m Acting Dean.

BEARD'S PATENT LOCK TIE,

ALSO,

BEARD'S

Patent Self-Adjusting Tie,

THE MOST SIMPLE AND GREATEST IMPROVEMENT OF THE AGE FOR BALING COTTON.

MUCH SAFER FROM FIRE, AND CHEAPER THAN ROPE,

HAVING SOLD LARGELY LAST SEASON

THE PATENT LOCK TIE,

we can recommend them to give entire satisfaction. We have taken the Agency for the State, and will continue to keep a large supply on hand.

For one Ton, and upwards, to dealers, a liberal discount will be allowed.

E. MURRAY & CO.,
Aug 16-8-2m Wilmington, N. C.
Standard copy.

A Cheap Cotton Press.

FARMERS, BEFORE YOU BUY A PRESS OR build a Screw, enquire into the merits of the

GODWIN COTTON PRESS.

Hear what the following reliable gentlemen say:

I have seen Mr. J.-H. Godwin's Cotton Press work at Mr P. E. Smith's plantation, and it does all that he says it does in his advertisement and more. I think it superior to any other mode of packing Cotton, and saves both time and labor.

W. R. SMITH.

I have used the above mentioned Press, and consider it the best I ever saw for packing Cotton.

THOS. J. VAUGHAN.

I have packed about 100 bales of Cotton with Mr. J. H. Godwin's Cotton Press, and take pleasure in recommending it to the farmers as a great labor-saving machine. It does not cost more than half as much as a Screw, and is worth twice as much.

It is so convenient, and takes fewer hands to do as much work as a Screw. I would pay the price of a Press rather than allow a man to put up a screw on my place for nothing.

D. EDMONDSON.

I have used the above mentioned Cotton Press, and it does better than a Screw. Takes less hands, does not waste Cotton, and is much cheaper.

J. H. CURRY,
Sup't W. H. Smith's Plantation.

I have packed about 70 bales with Godwin's Cotton Press, and am certain it is the best, cheapest, most compact and durable Press in existence, costing only half, at first, and lasting twice as long as a Screw.

PETER E. SMITH,

I have never seen the Cotton Press of Mr. Jno. H. Godwin at work, but have no doubt, from the certificates of the gentlemen above, that it performs all they say of it. I know them to be gentlemen of character and veracity, and that their statements are entitled to credit

RICHARD H. SMITH.

The last name is one of our most honorable and respectable citizens, well known as a former members of the Legislature. I offer this PRESS as combining more advantages for packing than any now in use; it is adapted to large or small farms, and is so simple and cheap, that any good mechanic can build it. It is well adapted to

WATER-POWER.

It is 10 or 11 feet wide, 3 feet and 3 inches thick; top of frame above ground, 16 feet; highest point of Lever, 18 or 19 feet. The platform on which the bale is turned out, is 10 feet above ground.

Length of box, 10 feet in the clear.

Length of bale 5 feet, by 2 feet 4 inches. Weight 500 or 600 lbs. It is put up flat against the Lint Room, thereby preventing the scattering of the Cotton and need of baskets.

The Press is chiefly built of scantlings.

The Inventor has spared no pains in his experiments to make it practicable, convenient and cheap. I charge

$25 for a Single Right.

The total cost, including cover and everything, is about $150. Much of that, farmers are not in the habit of including in cost.

I think I can sell County rights at about $10 by the hundred.

For further information address

J. H. GODWIN,
Aug. 31—21-tf Scotland Neck, N. C.

UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND,

BALTIMORE, MD.

The Sixtieth Annual Session of the SCHOOL OF MEDICINE, in the University of Maryland, will commence on the 14th of OCTOBER, 1867, and will end on the 1st of MARCH, 1868.

FACULTY OF PHYSIC.

NATHAN R. SMITH, M. D., Professor of Surgery.
WM. E. A. AIKIN, M. D., LL. D., Professor of Chemistry and Pharmacy.
G. W. MILTENBERGER, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics.
RICHARD McSHERRY, M. D., Professor of Principles and Practice of Medicine.
CHRISTOPHER JOHNSTON, M. D., Professor of General, Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy.
SAMUEL C. CHEW, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.
FRANK DONALDSON, M. D., Professor of Physiology, Hygiene and General Pathology.
WM. T. HOWARD, M. D., Professor of Diseases of Women and Children.
JAMES H. BUTLER, M. D., Demonstrator, and Adjunct to the Professor of Anatomy.

The fees for the full course are $120. For Matriculation $5. For Practical Anatomy $10.

The UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL, (OR INFIRMARY) attached to the College, ranks among the first CLINICAL SCHOOLS in the country. Being the seamen's Hospital of the port of Baltimore, as well as a civil hospital, it affords a great variety in the forms of disease always under treatment. Surgical Operations, and Clinical Lectures on Surgery, Practical Medicine, and the Diseases of Women and Children, are constituent parts of the daily instruction given by the respective Professors of this Institution.

Students desiring to perfect themselves in *specialities* can take courses of private instruction from Adjuncts attached to the various Chairs.

GEO. W. MILTENBERGER, M. D.,
Sept. 11—31-2w Dean.

CALL EARLY.

We have just received, on Consignment, a lot of BITTINGS OLD EYE WHISKEY, in 5 and 10 gallon kegs.

Aug. 30—20-tf PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

FRESH BUTTER, SWEET AND IRISH POTAtoes, Fruits, Bacon, Lard, Gross Herrings, Sugar, Coffee, Rice, Salt, Meal, Vinegar, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, Ready-made Clothing, Hats, Thomasville Shoes, and last, but not least, we are expecting to be again in daily receipt of Fresh Fish—and Oysters pretty soon, if the weather continues cool.

Sept. 12—32-tf JENKINS & PERRY.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STEVENS-SHERMAN-SHELLABARGER BILL.

AN ACT supplemental to an act entitled an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2, 1867, and to facilitate restoration.

Be it enacted, &c., That before the first day of September, 1867, the commanding general in each district named by the act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, approved March 2, 1867, shall cause a registration to be made of the male citizens of the United States, twenty-one years of age, and upwards, resident in each county or parish in the State or States included in his district, which registration will include only those persons who are qualified to vote for delegates by the act aforesaid, and who shall have taken and subscribed the following oath or affirmation:

"I, ——, do solemnly swear, or affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I am a citizen of the State of ——; that I have resided in said State for —— months next preceding this day, and now reside in the county of ——, or the parish of ——, in said State, as the case may be; that I am 21 years old; that I have not been disfranchised for participation in any rebellion or civil war against the United States, nor for felony committed against the laws of any State or of the United States; that I have never been a member of any State Legislature, or held any executive or judicial office in any State, and afterwards engaged in insurrection and rebellion against the United States, and given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I have never taken an oath as a member of Congress of the United States, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, and afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I will faithfully support the Constitution and obey the laws of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, encourage others so to do. So help me God."

which oath or affirmation may be administered by any registering officer.

Sec. 2. That after the completion of the registration hereby provided for in any State at such time and place therein as the commanding general shall appoint and direct, of which at least thirty day's public notice shall be given, an election shall be held of delegates to a convention for the purpose of establishing a constitution and civil government for such State loyal to the Union; said convention in each State, except Virginia, to consist of the same number of members as the most numerous branch of the State Legislature of such State in the year 1860, to be apportioned among the several districts, counties, or parishes of such State by the commanding general, giving to each representation in the ratio of voters registered as aforesaid as nearly as may be. The convention in Virginia shall consist of the same number of members as represented the territory now constituting Virginia in the most numerous branch of the Legislature of said State in the year 1860, to be apportioned as aforesaid.

Sec. 3. That at such election the registered voters of each State shall vote for or against a convention to form a constitution thereof under this act. Those voting in favor of such a convention shall have written or printed on the ballots by which they vote for delegates, as aforesaid, the words "for a convention;" and those voting against such a convention shall have written or printed on such ballots the words "against a convention." The persons appointed to superintend said election, and to make return of the votes given thereat, as herein provided, shall count and make return of the votes given for and against a convention; and the commanding general, to whom the same shall have been returned, shall ascertain and declare the total vote in each State for and against a convention. If a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, then a convention shall be held, as hereinafter provided; but if a majority of said votes shall be against a convention, then no convention shall be held under this act: *Provided*, That such convention shall not be held unless a majority of all such registered voters shall have voted on the question of holding such convention.

Sec. 4. That the commanding general of each district shall appoint such boards of officers or persons as may be necessary, not exceeding three in each election district, in any State, to make and complete the registration, superintend the election, and make return to him of the votes, lists of voters and of the persons elected as delegates by a plurality of the votes cast at said election; and upon receiving said returns he shall open the same, ascertain the persons elected as delegates according to the returns of the officers who conducted said election, and make proclamation thereof; and if a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, the commanding general, within sixty days from the date of election, shall notify the delegates to assemble in convention at a time and place to be mentioned in the notification, and said convention, when organized, shall proceed to frame a Constitution and civil government according to the provisions of this act, and the act to which it is supplementary; and when the same shall have been so framed, said Constitution shall be submitted by the convention for ratification to the persons registered under the provisions of this act, at an election to be conducted by the officers, or persons appointed by the commanding general as hereinbefore provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date of notice thereof to be given by said convention, and the returns thereof shall be made to the commanding general of the district.

Sec. 5. That if, according to said returns, the constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the votes of the registered electors qualified as herein specified, cast at said election, at least one-half of all the registered voters voting upon the question of such ratification, the president of the convention shall transmit a copy of the same, duly certified, to the President of the United States, who shall forthwith transmit the same to Congress, if then in session, and if not in session, then immediately upon its next assembling; and if it shall moreover appear to Congress that the election was one at which all the registered and qualified electors in the State had an opportunity to vote freely and without restraint, fear or the influence of fraud, and if Congress shall be satisfied that such constitution meets the approval of a majority of the qualified electors in the State, and if the said constitution shall be declared by Congress to be in conformity with the provisions of the act to which this is supplementary, and the other provisions of said act shall have been complied with, and the said constitution shall be approved by Congress, the State shall be declared entitled to representation, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom as herein provided.

Sec. 6. That all elections in the States mentioned in the said "Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," shall, during the operation of said act, be by ballot; and all officers making the said registration of voters and conducting said elections shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, subscribe an oath faithfully to perform the duties of their said office, and the oath prescribed by the act approved July 2, 1862, entitled "An act to prescribe an oath of office:" Provided, That if any person shall knowingly and falsely take and subscribe any oath in this act prescribed, such person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be subject to the pains, penalties and disabilities which by law are provided for the punishment of the crime of wilful and corrupt perjury.

Sec. 7. That all expenses incurred by the several commanding generals, or by virtue of any orders issued or appointments made by them under or by virtue of this act, shall be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 8. That the convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary, and compensation to be paid to all delegates and other officers and agents herein authorized or necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, not provided for otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such State as may be necessary to pay the same.

Sec. 9. That the word "article" in the sixth section of the act to which this is supplementary shall be construed to mean "section."

CHARLOTTE FEMALE INSTITUTE,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REV. R. BURWELL,
JOHN B. BURWELL, A. M. } Principals.

THE next Session commences on the 1st. day of October and continues until 30th. June, 1868.

For Circular and Catalogue, containing full particulars as to terms, &c., address,

REV. R. BURWELL & SON.
Charlotte, July 19-288-3tawtOct 1.

A CHANCE TO HAVE YOUR OLD FURNITURE REPAIRED AND RENOVATED.

HAVING OBTAINED THE SERVICES OF A No. 1 Upholsterer, we are prepared to do all kinds of UPHOLSTERING, with neatness and dispatch. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Old Mattresses renovated and made over!

Furniture of all kinds repaired and varnished and re-upholstered, and any thing in our line made to order promptly.

W. H. MORRISS & CO.
April 29-224-tf 13 Fayetteville St.

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

JOHN S. DANCY, of TARBORO, N.C.,
JOHN H. HYMAN, of SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

JOSEPH H. HYMAN,

Late of Tarboro, N C.

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

For the sale of all kinds of Southern produce and purchase of General Merchandize,

No. 24, Exchange Place,

NEW YORK.

Aug. 23-tf

J. L. HATHAWAY AND UTLEY.

(Formerly HATHAWAY & Co., Importers of MOLASSES and SUGAR, Wilmington, N. C.)

Shipping and Commission Merchants,

171 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

We solicit consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores, Sheetings, Yarns, Tobacco, and other Southern Products, to the sale of which our prompt personal attention will be given. We will make liberal advances upon receipt of Invoice and Bill of Lading. All Merchandise and Produce shipped to us for sale are insured from point of shipment, with or without advice. Invoices should always accompany each shipment.

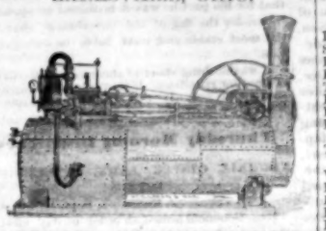
Both of us having had over twenty years' experience in business in the South, and our J. L. HATHAWAY three years in New York, we feel confident we can secure full prices for our friends who will favor us with their consignments.

REFER TO—Kemp P. Battle, Public Treasurer of N. C. and W. H. & R. S. Tucker, Raleigh, N. C.
JAS. L. HATHAWAY, WM. R. UTLEY.
Feb. 20

MISCELLANEOUS.

MUSKINGUM VALLEY PORTABLE ENGINE WORKS,

ZANESVILLE, OHIO.



DUVALLS' IMPROVED PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES AND CIRCULAR SAW MILLS. DUVALL'S PREMIUM CORN MILLS AND IMPROVED FLOURING MILLS.

These Engines and Mills have received the first premium over all competitors. They afford the best, cheapest, and most economical power in use and excel in power any Engines made in the Union.

These Engines are fired and thoroughly tested before leaving the works, and are warranted in all respects perfect and ready for immediate use. They are warranted to cut more lumber with less hands and at less expense than any other in the Union.

For descriptions, price lists and other information address.

JOHN B. GRETTER,
Guilford Land Agency,
June 26-271-3m Greensboro' N. C.
Sole Agent for N. C.

GARRETT, YOUNG, SCOTT, & CO.

No. 33 Warren and 29 Murray Sts.,

NEW YORK,

SUCCESSORS TO

ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.

OF NEW YORK,

AND

SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,

OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Men's and Boys' Clothing.

C. W. GARRETT, A. S. SHAFER.
EBEN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT.
SPENCER SCOTT, F. M. GARRETT.
May 15-1867

DRY GOODS.

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE!

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING OUR friends and the public, that we have in store one of the most

COMPLETE AND BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENTS

of Goods, ever offered in this Market.

Our DRESS GOODS are composed of all the latest styles and novelties of the season.

Our Line of White Goods is Perfect, consisting of

MULL, NAINSOOK AND SWISS MUSLINS, PLAIN, CHECKED AND STRIPED ORGANDIES, TARLETANS, PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED LINEN AND MUSLIN SETTS, &c., &c.

Our goods are of the best quality and prices as low as any one can sell

WE SELL STRICTLY FOR CASH, and are content with small profits.

All we ask is an examination of our stock and we think we can please.

A. N. & J. McKIMMON.
April 5-204-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY,

OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BRANCH OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Persons having Agricultural and Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Town Lots and all kinds of Real Estate for sale, are respectfully invited to place them in our hands for that purpose, as our facilities for bringing purchasers from Northern States and placing property prominently before the public, through our advertisements, and also through our agencies and correspondents in the North and West, are unsurpassed. WE ARE NOW WAITING FOR LANDS TO BE PLACED IN OUR HANDS FOR SALE, in order to sell to a party of substantial farmers from the North.

Our terms are as follows: Persons placing property in the hands of the Guilford Land Agency of North Carolina, will be charged FIVE per cent. commission on all amounts realized. Five dollars entrance fee must be paid when the property is placed in our hands.

Persons at a distance wishing to place property in our hands should give us an accurate description of the same. If Agricultural Lands, they should specify the soil, number of acres of cleared and timbered lands, the kind of timber, what is raised on the land, what kind of improvements are on the premises, how far from Railroad and from County-seat; whether it is well watered, &c. If MINERAL LANDS, they should state what kind of Minerals, the indications, &c., always sending a good fair specimen of the ore. It would also be advisable to send a sketch of the land to us.

REFERENCES.

His Excellency Gov. Worth, of N. C.
Hon. W. A. Graham, Hillsboro.
Hon. Z. B. Vance, Charlotte.
Thos. Webb, Esq., Pres. N. C. R. R. Hillsboro.
Hon. John A. Gilmer, Greensboro.
Col. Thos. Ruffin, Graham,
Hon. John Leitcher, of Virginia.

For terms of sale, entering Lands and all further information, address or apply to

FR. THIEM, Agent,
June 28-274-3m Raleigh, N. C.

BALTIMORE ADVERTISENTS.

POOLE & HUNT,

Baltimore,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY

Steam Engines and Boilers,

STEAM FIRE ENGINES,

LEFFEL'S PATENT AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER-WHEEL, SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,

ROBERTS' BURR REGULATOR,

Flouring Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and gers.

mar 29-138-6m.

W. J. HAWKINS, J. J. THOMAS,
B. P. WILLIAMSON, C. M. HAWKINS.

HAWKINS, WILLIAMSON & CO.,

GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF

Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, &c.

No. 44 South Street,

NEAR EXCHANGE PLACE, BALTIMORE.

WE BEG TO REFER BY PERMISSION TO

George W. Mordecai, Esq., *Raleigh N. C.*
Kemp P. Battle, Esq., " "
Phillips & Battle, Attorneys, " "
Hon. Weldon N. Edwards, *Warren*, "
Col. C. B. Mallet, *Pres. Fayetteville & W. R. R.*
Samuel H. Cannady, Esq., *Fayetteville, N. C.*
J. W. Lee, Esq., *Johnson Co., N. C.*
Dr. R. K. Smith, *Chatham, N. C.*
Aug 19-10-3m

COLLINS & HEATH,
22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing,	Mount Vernon Cook Stove,
Sheet Lead,	Patapsco Cook,
Lead Pipe,	Roger Williams's, Universe Cook,
Iron Pipe,	Beebe Range,
Terra Cotta Pipe,	European Range,
Brass Cocks,	Magee Range,
Plated Cocks,	Spence Range,
Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs,	Emerald Range,
Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters,	Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces,
Water Closets,	Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick,
Iron and China Basins,	Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety,
Hydrants,	All the different styles of Grates,
Pumps,	High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.,
Rams, Fountains,	
Water Wheels	
Garden Vases,	
Water-Coolers,	
Refrigerators, &c.	

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.

April 8-206-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

ROCK ISLAND MANUFACTURING CO., GOODS,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS.

IF you desire to supply yourselves for the Fall and Winter trade, with the very best descriptions and styles of

ALL-WOOL CASSIMERES,

AND WITH THE MOST DURABLE

JEANS AND KERSEY FABRICS,

All free from Shoddy and other impurities, order samples from the subscriber, and they will be forwarded, with prices attached, during the months of July and August.

From these samples you can make your selections, and return your orders, and the goods will be forwarded direct from the manufactory.

JOHN A. YOUNG,
Charlotte, May 30-250-4m President.

J. H. CRAWFORD,

Mechanical and Operative Dentist,

RALEIGH, N. C.

OFFICE OVER PESCUD'S OLD DRUG STORE.

OFFICE HOURS:

From 8 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 3 to 6 P. M.

Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, and the local anesthetic or Ether spray.

my 4-228-eodly

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

No. 58 Favetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, SUGARS, COFFEES, AND TEAS, BACON, MOLASSES AND CHEESE, BRANDIES, WINES AND WHISKIES, SOAPS, CANDLES, AND CANDIES, TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

Canned Fruits, Sauces and Figs, Canned Oysters, Raisins and Dates, Nuts, Currants, Pickles and Spices, Powder, Shot and Caps, Butter, Lard, Yeast, Powders, Soda,

and in fact everything usually found in a first class Wholesale Grocery house—in the greatest variety and at prices which cannot fail to please.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS &c.

50 Boxes Axes, 25 Doz. of Manure Forks,
25 Doz. Long handled Shovels, 25 Doz. Spades,
36 " Weeding Hoes assorted, 50 Doz. Hames,
25 " Horse Collars, 50 Doz. Trace Chaines,
30 " Plow Lines, 10 Gross Axe Helves,
Rope, Twine, Nails, &c.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers & Com. Merchants.
Feb 22-168-tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day formed a Copartnership, under the name of R. H. COWAN & CO., for the purpose of carrying on a General Commission, Shipping and Supply Business in the City of Wilmington, N. C.

Their office, *for the present*, is on the Corner of Chesnut and Water Streets, *up stairs*, where they will be happy to hear from and serve their friends.

By the 1st. of October next, they will be fully prepared to furnish supplies of all kinds.

ROBT. H. COWAN,
JNO. W. CAMERON,
JAMES H. HILL,
Aug 1-302-tf Wilmington, N. C.

MRS. RANSOM'S

FEMALE SEMINARY,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION will begin on the 7th. of October, 1867.

The ablest teachers in every branch alone will be employed.

The most accomplished and experienced Professors of Music and of Ancient and Modern Languages have been secured.

French will be habitually spoken in the Seminary.

For particulars, apply to

Mrs. ROBERT RANSOM,
Aug 9-310-2m Principal.

FOR THE FALL TRADE,

Just received, a lot of BOCK ISLAND CASSIMERES AND JEANS, (North